COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND

Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Fresno, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the County of Fresno, California. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2007, and the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California, at June 30, 2007, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2007, on our consideration of the County of Fresno's internal control over financial reporting as it relates to the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California, has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is required supplementary information, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Page & Company

December 31, 2007

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,701,086
Restricted cash and investments	34,061,747
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for	. ,
doubtful accounts of \$5,397	1,800,154
Interest receivable	852,173
Due from the County of Fresno	2,580
Supplies inventory	7,680
Total current assets	71,425,420
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Construction in progress	40,211,466
Depreciable:	
Structure and improvements	4,343,073
Buildings	3,775,274
Machinery and equipment	13,011,820
Less accumulated depreciation	(23,583,927)
Total capital assets, net	37,757,706
Total assets	\$ 109,183,126

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 254,816
Salaries and benefits payable	60,014
Due to the County of Fresno	1,051,274
Due to other governmental units; includes	1,001,274
sales and use tax payable	208 622
	298,622
Compensated absences payable	22,024
Total current liabilities	1,686,750
Long-term liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	29,559
Closure and postclosure care liability	18,984,403
Total long-term liabilities	19,013,962
Total long torm habilities	19,013,902
Total liabilities	20,700,712
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets	37,757,706
Restricted	16,600,760
Unrestricted	34,123,948
Total net assets	88,482,414
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 109,183,126

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services Other	\$ 10,810,651
	109,758
Total operating revenues	10,920,409
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and benefits	1,473,888
Special departmental	1,897,936
Professional services	2,458,330
Repairs and maintenance	1,944,329
Rents and leases	150,925
General and administrative	470,165
Insurance	57,412
Utilities	63,888
Closure and postclosure care costs	1,596,921
Depreciation and depletion	1,831,648
Total operating expenses	11,945,442
Operating loss	(1,025,033)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	3,432,441
Other expenses	(465,604)
Other revenues	16,864
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,983,701
Other Const.	
Other financing uses: Transfers out to Primary Government	(00.448)
Transfers out to Filmary Government	(86,448)
Total other financing uses	(86,448)
Change in net assets	
Change in fiel assets	1,872,220
Net assets - beginning, as adjusted	86,610,194
Net assets - ending	\$ 88,482,414

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash received from rental Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	10,915,638 109,758 (11,109,926) (1,466,788)
Net cash used by operating activities		(1,551,318)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash refunds to users Other revenues		(465,604) 16,864
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		(448,740)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of property and equipment Transfer out		(7,905,459) (86,448)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(7,991,907)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on investments		3,334,476
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	3,334,476
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(6,657,489)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2006		75,885,926
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2007	\$	69,228,437
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents in current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,701,086 34,061,747
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	68,762,833

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating loss \$ (1,025,033) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities: Depletion and depreciation 1,831,648 Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 104,987 (Increase) decrease in amount due from the County of Fresno 1,222 (Increase) decrease in supplies inventory 328 Increase (decrease) in salaries and benefits payable (10,801)Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (5,449,626)Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable 17,901 Increase (decrease) in amount due to the County of Fresno 793,556 Increase (decrease) in amount due to other governmental units 121,975 Increase (decrease) in closure and postclosure care liability 1,596,921 Net cash used in operating activities \$ (2,016,922)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Fresno (County), a political subdivision chartered by the State of California and governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors, owns and operates American Avenue Disposal Site (Landfill), a disposal site which deposits only non-hazardous solid waste from metropolitan Fresno and surrounding communities. The Landfill was established as a separate enterprise fund of the County on July 1, 1980. Administrative responsibilities for the Landfill rest with the County, Public Works and Development Services Department — Resources Division. These financial statements present only that portion of the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund of the County that is attributable to the transactions of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund.

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statement and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Landfill has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The Landfill is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major fund aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its consumers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted restricted resources available for use, it is the Landfill's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Landfill considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Landfill's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Landfill's ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. An allowance for uncollectible accounts was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasure-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with general accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. The Landfill recorded a total of \$5,397 of allowance for uncollectible accounts during the period.

3. Payables

Certain costs are incurred by the Landfill during the current period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The Landfill's current accounts payable balance of \$254,816 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

4. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent monies or other resources, the use of which is restricted by legal or contractual requirements. Restricted cash is considered a cash equivalent for cash flow reporting purposes.

The Closure/Postclosure Fund monies are set aside based on estimate to cover for closure costs and 30 years of post-closure maintenance cost to provide financial assurance once the Landfill is closed.

The Landfill Expansion Fund monies are for the construction of future modules in the Phase II area and required landfill systems (i.e., landfill gas control, groundwater monitoring systems, and Leachate treatment).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated cost where cost is not available. Interest is capitalized on assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest capitalized is the excess of interest expense over interest earned on invested proceeds from the date of borrowing through project completion. Depletion of the Landfill is computed using a ratio of total costs to total volume used. Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment, including capital leases, is computed using the straight-line method applied over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Type of Assets	Estimated Useful <u>Life in Years</u>
Access road	20
Structures and improvements	40-50
Machinery and equipment	3-10

6. Supplies Inventory

Supplies Inventory is valued a the lower of cost (determined by first in, first out) or market.

7. Long-term Liabilities

Obligations relating to employees' compensated absences are adjusted to include salary related payments, such as employer payroll taxes, which are directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences. The Landfill reports both current and long-term portions of the liability for earned compensated absences.

8. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with general accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Landfill maintains specific cash deposits and investments with the Fresno County Auditor-Controller/Treasurer and participates in the common investment pool of the County. The County is restricted by State code in the types of investments it can make. Further, the County has a written investment policy, approved by the Fresno County Board of Supervisors, which is more restrictive than the State code as to terms of maturity and type of investment.

Cash and investments at June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

	Credit Quality Ratings	Carrying Amount	
County of Fresno Treasurer's Investment Pool	Not Rated	\$	68,762,833
Total cash and investments		\$	68,762,833
Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are class	sified in the accompan	ying fina	ancial statements:
Statement of Net Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and investments		\$	34,701,086 34,061,747
Total cash and cash investments		\$	68,762,833

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Landfill has no investments at year-end.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2007, the Landfill's credit risks, expressed on a percentage basis, are as follows:

	e of Total Investments
S & P's	% of
Rating	Investments
Not Rated	100%
Not Nated	10078
	100%

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2007, capital assets consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2006	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2007
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress - improvements Construction in progress	\$ 15,010,957 1,098,967	\$ 5,152,356 	\$ - 	\$ (368,276) (1,098,967)	\$ 19,795,037
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_16,109,924	5,152,356		(1,467,243)	19,795,037
Capital assets, being depleted:					
Structure and improvements	20,048,153			368,276	20,416,429
Total capital assets, being depleted	20,048,153			368,276	20,416,429
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings Machinery and equipment	7,013,997 10,264,095	5,383 <u>2,747,725</u>		1,098,967 -	8,118,347 13,011,820
Total capital assets, being depreciated	17,278,092	2,753,108	-	1,098,967	21,130,167
Accumulated depreciation:					
Structure and improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment	(15,181,572) (1,106,082) (5,464,624)	(798,263) (320,276) (713,110)	-	- -	(15,979,835) (1,426,358) (6,177,734)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,752,278)	(1,831,649)			(23,583,927)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	15,573,967	921,459		1,467,243	17,962,669
Total capital assets	\$31,683,891	\$ 6,073,815	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 37,757,706

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a schedule of long-term liabilities for American Avenue Disposal Site for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	June 30, 2006	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	June 30, 2007	Amounts Due Within One Year
Closure and Postclosure Earned Compensated Absences	\$ 17,387,481 48,029	\$ 1,596,922 3,554	\$ - 	\$ 18,984,403 51,583	\$ ⁻ - 22,024
Total	<u>\$17,435,510</u>	\$ 1,600,476	\$ -	\$ 19,035,986	\$ 22,024

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs

The Landfill accounts for closure and postclosure care costs based on GASB Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs. State and Federal laws and regulations require the Landfill to place a final cover on its site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the Landfill stops accepting waste, the Landfill reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense and liability in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The amount of \$18,984,403 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2007, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the landfill capacity used to date, calculated at 32.81%. The Landfill will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$38,883,882 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled over the estimated 40-50 years remaining. These amounts are based on current estimates of remaining closure and postclosure care costs at June 30, 2007. Actual costs may be higher when the landfill closes due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The Landfill is required by State and Federal laws to finance closure and postclosure care costs. The Landfill expects that future user fees and interest earnings over the remaining landfill life will fund the closure and postclosure liabilities.

NOTE 5 - REFUND OF EXCESS REVENUES

On August 2, 2005, pursuant to California Government Code Section 7911, the Fresno County Board of Supervisors approved and authorized the refund of excess revenues generated from American Avenue Landfill's disposal fees for the period of January 1, 1996, through December 31, 2004. The total refund is \$24,593,995. On September 12, 2006, the remaining refund balance of \$4,885,534 was set aside in a trust fund and will be used to provide expanded community clean-up events and future, temporarily discounted or free landfill services benefiting customers in the unincorporated areas of the County.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Plan Description

The Fresno County Employees' Retirement Association (FCERA) is governed by the Board of Retirement (Board) under the 1937 County Employees' Retirement Law (1937 Act). The FCERA is a contributory defined benefit plan initially organized under the provisions of the Act on January 1, 1945. It provides retirement, death and disability benefits to members. The FCERA is a cost sharing multiple-employer plan which includes substantially all full-time employees and permanent part-time employees who work 50% or more for the County of Fresno, Clovis Memorial District, Fresno Mosquito Abatement District, North Central Fire Protection District, Fresno-Madera Area Agency on Aging, and certain employees of the Fresno County Superintendent of School (collectively the "employers"). An employee becomes eligible for membership commencing with the pay period following the date of employment in a permanent position. The FCERA issues a stand alone financial report which is available for review at the County of Fresno Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Funding Policy

Contributions to the plan are made by the members and the employers at rates recommended by FCERA's independent actuary and approved by the Board and the Fresno County Board of Supervisors. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (safety and general), and are designed to provide funding for approximately one-fourth of the regular retirement benefits and one-half of all cost of living benefits. Members are required to contribute between 2% and 5% of their annual covered salary. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Section 31453 of the 1937 Act and are designed to provide funding for the remaining regular retirement and cost of living benefits, as well as all regular disability and survivor's benefits.

The following provides five years' trend information for the plan (amounts are expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed
2003	33,584	100%
2004	44,939 *	986%
2005	56,296	100%
2006	56,664	100%
2007	59,997	100%

^{*} On March 23, 2004, the County of Fresno issued Pension Obligation Bonds, which paid off a portion of the estimated Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Landfill is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The Landfill provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to the County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the Landfill.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED
ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors County of Fresno, California

We have audited the financial statements of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered County's internal control over financial reporting, as it relates to the Fund, as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Fund's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of, management and the Board of Supervisors of the County of Fresno, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

December 31, 2007

Price Page & Company

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND

Independent Auditor's Reports and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND June 30, 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Fresno, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the County of Fresno, California. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2008, and the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California, at June 30, 2008, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2009, on our consideration of the County of Fresno's internal control over financial reporting as it relates to the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California, has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is required supplementary information, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

January 16, 2009

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2008

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,099,991
Restricted cash and investments	20,644,947
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for	, ,
doubtful accounts of \$2,299	1,816,575
Interest receivable	738,363
Due from the County of Fresno	3,961
Supplies inventory	5,989
Total current assets	73,309,826
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Land - construction in progress	11,571,987
Depreciable:	
Land improvements	28,797,347
Buildings and improvements	8,118,347
Machinery and equipment	14,622,985
Less accumulated depreciation	(27,785,122)
Total capital assets, net	35,325,544
Total assets	\$ 108,635,370

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2008

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 198,369
Salaries and benefits payable	65,389
Due to the County of Fresno	244,978
Due to other governmental units; includes	211,010
sales and use tax payable	443,327
Compensated absences payable	13,326
compensation abcomoco payablo	13,320
Total current liabilities	965,389
Long-term liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	47,286
Closure and postclosure care liability	20,823,000
Total long-term liabilities	20,870,286
Total liabilities	21,835,675
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets	25 205 544
Restricted	35,325,544
Unrestricted	20,911,111
Siliconiolog	30,563,040
Total net assets	86,799,695
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 108,635,370

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	10,941,287
Other		47,678
Total operating revenues		10,988,965
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		1,561,932
Special departmental		2,390,612
Professional services		3,175,668
Repairs and maintenance		1,711,112
Rents and leases		354,137
General and administrative		553,888
Insurance		106,874
Utilities		69,317
Closure and postclosure care costs		1,838,597
Depreciation and depletion		4,201,195
Total operating expenses		15,963,332
	-	,,
Operating income (loss)		(4,974,367)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income		3,368,350
Other revenues		31,246
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		3,399,596
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers out to Primary Government		(107,949)
Total other financing accuracy (vers)		(4077.040)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(107,949)
Change in net assets		(1,682,720)
Net assets - beginning		00 400 445
Net assets - beginning		88,482,415
Net assets - ending	\$	86,799,695

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from users	\$	10,924,866
Cash received from rental		47,678
Cash paid to suppliers		(9,079,336)
Cash paid to employees		(1,547,528)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		345,680
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Other revenues		31,246
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		31,246
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of property and equipment		(1,769,032)
Transfers out		(107,949)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,876,981)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received on investments		3,482,160
		0,402,100
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		3,482,160
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,982,105
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2007		68,762,833
		00,702,000
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2008	<u>\$</u>	70,744,938
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the balance sheet:		
Cash and cash equivalents in current assets	\$	50,099,991
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	20,644,947
	•	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	70,744,938

COUNTY OF FRESNO AMERICAN AVENUE DISPOSAL SITE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (4,974,367)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash	, , ,
provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depletion and depreciation	4,201,195
Change in assets and liabilities:	, ,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(16,421)
(Increase) decrease in amount due from the County of Fresno	(1,381)
(Increase) decrease in supplies inventory	1,691
Increase (decrease) in salaries and benefits payable	5,375
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(56,447)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	9,029
Increase (decrease) in amount due to the County of Fresno	(806,296)
Increase (decrease) in amount due to other governmental units	144,705
Increase (decrease) in closure and postclosure care liability	 1,838,597
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 345,680

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Fresno (County), a political subdivision chartered by the State of California and governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors, owns and operates American Avenue Disposal Site (Landfill), a disposal site which deposits only non-hazardous solid waste from metropolitan Fresno and surrounding communities. The Landfill was established as a separate enterprise fund of the County on July 1, 1980. Administrative responsibilities for the Landfill rest with the County, Public Works and Development Services Department — Resources Division. These financial statements present only that portion of the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund of the County that is attributable to the transactions of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statement and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Landfill has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The Landfill is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major fund aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its consumers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted restricted resources available for use, it is the Landfill's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Landfill considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Landfill's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Landfill's ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. An allowance for uncollectible accounts was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasure-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with general accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. The Landfill recorded a total of \$2,299 of allowance for uncollectible accounts during the period.

3. Payables

Certain costs are incurred by the Landfill during the current period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The Landfill's current accounts payable balance of \$198,369 as of June 30, 2008, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

4. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent monies or other resources, the use of which is restricted by legal or contractual requirements. Restricted cash is considered a cash equivalent for cash flow reporting purposes.

The Closure/Postclosure Fund monies are set aside based on estimate to cover for closure costs and 30 years of post-closure maintenance cost to provide financial assurance once the Landfill is closed.

The Landfill Expansion Fund monies are for the construction of future modules in the Phase II area and required landfill systems (i.e., landfill gas control, groundwater monitoring systems, and Leachate treatment).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated cost where cost is not available. Interest is capitalized on assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest capitalized is the excess of interest expense over interest earned on invested proceeds from the date of borrowing through project completion. Depletion of the Landfill is computed using a ratio of total costs to total volume used. Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment, including capital leases, is computed using the straight-line method applied over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Type of Assets	Estimated Useful <u>Life in Years</u>
Access road	20
Structures and improvements	40-50
Machinery and equipment	3-10

6. Supplies Inventory

Supplies Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (determined by first in, first out) or market.

7. Long-term Liabilities

Obligations relating to employees' compensated absences are adjusted to include salary related payments, such as employer payroll taxes, which are directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences. The Landfill reports both current and long-term portions of the liability for earned compensated absences.

8. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with general accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Landfill maintains specific cash deposits and investments with the Fresno County Auditor-Controller/Treasurer and participates in the common investment pool of the County. The County is restricted by State code in the types of investments it can make. Further, the County has a written investment policy, approved by the Fresno County Board of Supervisors, which is more restrictive than the State code as to terms of maturity and type of investment.

Cash and investments at June 30, 2008, consist of the following:

	Credit Quality Ratings		Carrying Amount
County of Fresno Treasurer's Investment Pool	Not Rated	\$	70,744,938
Total cash and investments		\$	70,744,938
Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2008, are cla	ssified in the accompar	nying fir	nancial statements:
Statement of Net Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and investments		\$	50,099,991 20,644,947
Total cash and cash investments		\$	70,744,938

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Landfill has no investments at year-end.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2008, the Landfill's credit risks, expressed on a percentage basis, are as follows:

Credit Quality Distribution for Sec	curities with Credit Expo	sure as a Percentage	e of Total Investments
	Moody's	S & P's	% of
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Rating	Investments
County of Fresno Treasurer's			
Investment Pool	Not Rated	Not Rated	100%
Total			100%

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2008, capital assets consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2008
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land reserved for landfill	\$ 19,795,036	\$ 157,869	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ (8,380,918</u>)	<u>\$ 11,571,987</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,109,924	157,869		(8,380,918)	11,571,987
Capital assets, being depleted:					
Land improvements	20,416,429			8,380,918	28,797,347
Total capital assets, being depleted	20,416,429			8,380,918	28,797,347
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	8,118,347				0 440 247
Machinery and equipment	13,011,821	1,611,164			8,118,347 14,622,985
Total capital assets, being depreciated	21,130,168	<u>1,611,164</u>	-	-	22,741,332
Accumulated depreciation: Land improvements Buildings and improvements	(15,979,835) (1,426,358)	(2,686,003) (320,274)	-	- -	(18,665,838) (1,746,632)
Machinery and equipment	(6,177,734)	(1,194,918)			(7,372,652)
Total accumulated depreciation	(23,583,927)	(4,201,195)			(27,785,122)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	17,962,670	(2,590,031)		8,380,918	23,753,557
Total capital assets	\$ 34,072,594	<u>\$(2,432,162)</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 35,325,544

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a schedule of long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	June 30, 2007	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	June 30, 2008	Amounts Due Within One Year
Closure and Postclosure Earned Compensated Absences	\$ 18,984,403 51,583	\$ 1,838,598 9,029	\$ - -	\$ 20,823,000 60,612	\$ - 13,326
Total	\$ 19,035,986	\$ 1,847,627	\$ -	\$20,883,612	\$ 13,326

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs

The Landfill accounts for closure and postclosure care costs based on GASB Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs. State and Federal laws and regulations require the Landfill to place a final cover on its site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the Landfill stops accepting waste, the Landfill reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense and liability in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The amount of \$20,823,000 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2008, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the landfill capacity used to date, calculated at 35.04%. The Landfill will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$38,607,729 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled over the estimated 40-50 years remaining. These amounts are based on current estimates of remaining closure and postclosure care costs at June 30, 2008. Actual costs may be higher when the landfill closes due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The Landfill is required by State and Federal laws to finance closure and postclosure care costs. The Landfill expects that future user fees and interest earnings over the remaining landfill life will fund the closure and postclosure liabilities.

NOTE 5 - REFUND OF EXCESS REVENUES

On August 2, 2005, pursuant to California Government Code Section 7911, the Fresno County Board of Supervisors approved and authorized the refund of excess revenues generated from American Avenue Landfill's disposal fees for the period of January 1, 1996, through December 31, 2004. The total refund is \$24,593,995. On September 12, 2006, the remaining refund balance of \$4,885,534 was set aside in a trust fund and will be used to provide expanded community clean-up events and future, temporarily discounted or free landfill services benefiting customers in the unincorporated areas of the County.

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Plan Description

The Fresno County Employees' Retirement Association (FCERA) is governed by the Board of Retirement (Board) under the 1937 County Employees' Retirement Law (1937 Act). The FCERA is a contributory defined benefit plan initially organized under the provisions of the Act on January 1, 1945. It provides retirement, death and disability benefits to members. The FCERA is a cost sharing multiple-employer plan which includes substantially all full-time employees and permanent part-time employees who work 50% or more for the County of Fresno, Clovis Memorial District, Fresno Mosquito Abatement District, North Central Fire Protection District, Fresno-Madera Area Agency on Aging, and certain employees of the Fresno County Superintendent of School (collectively the "employers"). An employee becomes eligible for membership commencing with the pay period following the date of employment in a permanent position. The FCERA issues a stand alone financial report which is available for review at the County of Fresno Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (Continued)

Funding Policy

Contributions to the plan are made by the members and the employers at rates recommended by FCERA's independent actuary and approved by the Board and the Fresno County Board of Supervisors. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (safety and general), and are designed to provide funding for approximately one-fourth of the regular retirement benefits and one-half of all cost of living benefits. Members are required to contribute between 2% and 5% of their annual covered salary. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Section 31453 of the 1937 Act and are designed to provide funding for the remaining regular retirement and cost of living benefits, as well as all regular disability and survivor's benefits.

The following provides five years' trend information for the plan (amounts are expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed
2004	44,939 *	86%
2005	56,296	100%
2006	56,664	100%
2007	59,997	100%
2008	97,305	100%

^{*} On March 23, 2004, the County of Fresno issued Pension Obligation Bonds, which paid off a portion of the estimated Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Landfill is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The Landfill provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to the County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the Landfill.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors County of Fresno, California

We have audited the financial statements of the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund of the County of Fresno, California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered County's internal control over financial reporting, as it relates to the American Avenue Disposal Site Enterprise Fund, as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

Price Page & Company

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the American Avenue Disposal Site's Enterprise Fund financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of, management and the Board of Supervisors of the County of Fresno, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 16, 2009

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 1 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 1, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 1 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$	690
Accounts receivable	Ψ	73
	<u></u>	763
Total current assets		100
Non-current assets:		
Capital assets:		0.4.000
Buildings and improvements		34,602
Machinery and equipment		31,798
Less: accumulated depreciation		(60,282)
Total non-current assets	<u></u>	6,118
Total assets		6,881
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		6,377
Interest payable		31
Total liabilities		6,408
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets		6,118
Unrestricted		(5,645)
Total net assets	\$	473

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	13,954
Other operating revenues		60,085
Total operating revenues	····	74,039
Operating expenses:		
Insurance		423
Professional services		35,705
Specialized departmental expenses		3,533
General and administrative		797
Repairs and maintenance		45,588
Utilities		3,252
Depreciation		1,769
Total operating expenses		91,067
Operating income (loss)		(17,028)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Property taxes		20,991
Timber yield		7
Homeowners property tax relief		408
Federal in-lieu housing		5 (10)
Interest expense		(18)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	:	21,393
Net income (loss)		4,365
Net assets - beginning		(3,892)
Net assets - ending	<u>\$</u>	473

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$	13,954 (98,806) 60,085
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(24,767)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Property taxes received Interest paid		22,484 13
Net cash provided (used in) non-capital financing activities		22,497
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,270)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		2,960
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$</u>	690
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(17,028)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments		1,769 183 (9,691) (7,739)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 1, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide requested services for the subdivision known as Tamarack Estates, located nine miles south of Huntington Lake. The services provided consist of maintaining community water and sewage systems and providing snow removal. The subdivision contains 45 residential lots, 32 of which have been built upon, and three R-E zoned parcels, one of which contains a tenunit motel.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1962 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$6,377 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Sewer treatment and disposal facility	20 Years
Well pumps	20 Years
Well	15 Years
Equipment	10 Years

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

5. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$ 690

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 690

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 690

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 690

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3— CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance		А	Additions Retire		ments	e 30, 2006 Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:			<u> </u>				 ,
Structures and improvements	\$	34,602	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 34,602
Machinery and equipment		31,798		_			 31,798
Total capital assets being depreciated		66,400		-			66,400
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Structures and improvements		(26,715)		(1,769)		-	(28,484)
Machinery and equipment		(31,798)		_			 (31,798)
Total accumulated depreciation		(58,513)		(1,769)		-	 (60,282)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	7,887	\$	(1,769)	\$		\$ 6,118

NOTE 4-RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5— COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 1 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 1, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 1 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 35,033
Receivables:	
Accounts	46
Interest	 345
Total current assets	 35,424
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Depreciable:	
Buildings and improvements	34,602
Machinery and equipment	31,798
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (62,052)
Total non-current assets	 4,348
Total assets	 39,772
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 14,194
Total liabilities	 14,194
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	4,348
Unrestricted	 21,230
Total net assets	\$ 25,578

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 87,844
Total operating revenues	87,844
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	468
Professional services	31,294
Specialized departmental expenses	3,157
General and administrative	4,365
Repairs and maintenance	45,783
Utilities	4,560
Depreciation	1,769
Total operating expenses	91,396
Operating income (loss)	(3,552)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	643
Property taxes	27,537
Timber yield	8
Homeowners property tax relief	431
Federal in-lieu housing	38
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	28,657
Net income (loss)	25,105
Net assets - beginning	473
Net assets - ending	<u>\$ 25,578</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWSFor the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from users	\$	87,844
Cash paid to suppliers		(81,810)
Network and the forest No.		0.004
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		6,034
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Property taxes received		28,041
Interest paid		(30)
meroet paid		(00)
Net cash provided (used in) non-capital		
financing activities		28,011
· ·		
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		298
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		298
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		34,343
Cook and cook aguitalente, hanisming		000
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		690
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	35,033
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	Ψ	33,033
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(3,552)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		4.700
Depreciation Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,769 7,817
Total adjustments		9,586
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Φ.	6,034
iver cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	0,034

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 1, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide requested services for the subdivision known as Tamarack Estates, located nine miles south of Huntington Lake. The services provided consist of maintaining community water and sewage systems and providing snow removal. The subdivision contains 45 residential lots, 32 of which have been built upon, and three R-E zoned parcels, one of which contains a tenunit motel.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1962 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting*, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$14,194 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Sewer treatment and disposal facility	20 Years
Well pumps	15 Years
Well	20 Years
Equipment	10 Years

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

5. Property Taxes (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$35,033

Total cash and cash equivalents \$35,033

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$35,033

Total cash and cash equivalents \$35,033

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006 Balance		Additions		Retire	ements	e 30, 2007 Balance
Capital assets being depreciated: Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	34,602 31,798 66,400	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 34,602 31,798 66,400
Less accumulated depreciation: Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation		(28,484) (31,798) (60,282)		(1,770) - (1,770)		- - -	 (30,254) (31,798) (62,052)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,118	\$	(1,770)	\$	-	\$ 4,348

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 2 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 2, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 2 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Pruce Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 17,108
Interest receivable	 156
Total current assets	 17,264
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	
Buildings and improvements	 77,484
Total noncurrent assets	 77,484
Total assets	 94,748
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 3,381
Total liabilities	 3,381
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	77,484
Unrestricted	 13,883
Total net assets	\$ 91,367

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Expenses:	
Public ways and facilities	\$ 33,847
Total program expenses	33,847
Program revenues:	
Charges for services	29,482
Net program expense	(4,365)
General revenues:	
Property taxes	9,543
Unrestricted investment earnings	251
Miscellaneous	154
Total general revenues	9,948
Change in net assets	5,583
Net assets - beginning	85,784
Net assets - ending	\$ 91,367

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2007

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,108
Interest receivable		156
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	17,264
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	3,381
Total liabilities		3,381
Fund balances:		
Unrestricted		13,883
Total fund balance		13,883
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	17,264

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 13,883
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets not recorded in governmental fund types but recorded in government-wide statement to conform with GAAP accounting requirements.	 77,484
Net assets of governmental activity	\$ 91,367

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues:		
Property taxes - secured and unsecured	\$	9,543
Service-type property assessments		29,482
Investment earnings		251
Aid from other government agencies:		
State		138
Federal		2
Other operating revenues		14
Total revenues		39,430
	-	
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Public ways and facilities:		
Maintenance - building and grounds		15,818
Office expense		5
Professional services		7,795
PeopleSoft financials charges		1,141
Utilities		4,518
Total expenditures		29,277
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		
Changes in fund balance		10,153
Changes in fund balance		10,100
Fund balance - beginning		3,730
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5,. 50
Fund balance - ending	\$	13,883

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 2 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES** For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 10,153
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount of current year depreciation expense is \$4,570. There were no capital asset additions in the current period.	(4,570)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 5,583

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	\$	(96,352)	\$	(116,352)	\$	(4,352)	\$	112,000
Resources (inflows):								
Property taxes - secured and unsecured Interest		5,650 250		5,650 250		9,543 180		3,893 (70)
Aid from other government agencies:								
State Federal		-		-		138 2		138 2
Service type property assessments		29,499		29,499		29,482		(17)
Other operating revenues		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		14		14
Amounts available from appropriation		35,399		35,399		39,359		3,960
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):								
Maintenance - building/grounds		12,500		12,500		15,200		(2,700)
Office expense		50		50		5		45
Postage		50		50		-		50
Professional services		22,000		22,000		7,966		14,034
Specialized departmental		1,500		1,500		1,141		359
Utilities		5,200		5,200		4,555		645
Appropriations for contingencies		738	_	738				738
Total charges to appropriations		42,038		42,038		28,867		13,171
Budgetary Fund Balance - June, 30 2007	<u>\$</u>	(102,991)	\$	(122,991)	\$	6,140	\$	129,131
Explanation of Differences Between Budge and Expenditures:	tary	Inflows and	d O	utflows and	I GAA	AP Revenu	es	
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available budgetary comparison schedule not includ				from the			\$	39,359
Differences - budget to GAAP								
Modified accrual basis of accounting to but	dget	ary basis of	acc	ounting				71
Total revenues as reported on the statement and changes in fund balance	t of r	evenues and	d ex	penditures			\$	39,430
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total char the budgetary comparison schedule	ges	to appropria	ition	s" from			\$	28,867
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to but	dget	ary basis of	acc	ounting				410
Total expenditures as reported on the staten expenditures and changes in fund balance		of revenues	and	b			\$	29,277

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 2, a special district (District), is a special revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to maintain a two and one-half acre park, 1,500 linear feet of walkway areas, and park and walkway lighting. The community park is located in the subdivision of Tenaya Estates. Maintenance of the park and walkway areas is administered through the County of Fresno Special Districts Administration. Lighting is provided by contract with PG&E.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1962 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of the District.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$3,381 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	<u>Useful Life</u>
Playground equipment improvements Telephone pole and chain fence	25 Years 15 Years
Equipment	<u>Useful Life</u>
Jacuzzi centrifugal pump	5 Years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

5. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

B. Excess in Expenditures Over Appropriations

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the following amounts for the fiscal year June 30, 2007:

Maintenance – building and grounds \$ 2,700

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$ 17,108

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 17,108

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 17,108</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 17,108</u>

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	_	alance		1.192	5 <i>i</i>		_	Balance
	July	<i>y</i> 1, 2006	Ac	dditions	Retire	ements	Jun	e 30, 2007
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	107,031	\$	-	\$	-	\$	107,031
Machinery and equipment		1,361		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,361
Total capital assets, being depreciated		108,392		<u>-</u>				108,392
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		(24,977)		(4,570)		-		(29,547)
Machinery and equipment		(1,361)				_		(1,361)
Total accumulated depreciation		(26,338)		(4,570)				(30,908)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	82,054	\$	(4,570)	\$		\$	77,484

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the District as follows:

Public Ways and Facilities \$4,570

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 6 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 2 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 2, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 2 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 7,745
Interest receivable	 85
Total current assets	 7,830
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	
Buildings and improvements	 82,054
Total noncurrent assets	 82,054
Total assets	 89,884
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 4,100
Total liabilities	 4,100
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	82,054
Unrestricted	 3,730
Total net assets	\$ 85,784

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Expenses:	
Public ways and facilities	\$ 123,77 <u>5</u>
Total program expenses	123,775
Program revenues:	
Charges for services	29,482
Net program expense	(94,293)
General revenues:	
Property taxes	8,778
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,886
Miscellaneous	149
Total general revenues	10,813
Change in net assets	(83,480)
Net assets - beginning	169,264
Net assets - ending	\$ 85,784

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2006

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	\$ 7,745 85
Total assets	\$ 7,830
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 4,100
Total liabilities	4,100
Fund balances:	
Unrestricted	3,730
Total fund balance	3,730
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 7,830

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 3,730
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets not recorded in governmental fund types but recorded in government-wide statement to conform with GAAP accounting requirements.	 82,054
Net assets of governmental activity	\$ 85,784

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Revenues: Property taxes - secured and unsecured Service-type property assessments Investment earnings Aid from other government agencies:	\$ 8,778 29,482 1,886
State Federal Total revenues	147 2 40,295
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities: Maintenance - building and grounds Office expense Professional services PeopleSoft financials charges Utilities Total expenditures	95,488 29 18,049 1,080 4,559 119,205
Changes in fund balance	(78,910)
Fund balance - beginning	82,640
Fund balance - ending	\$ 3,730

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ (78,910)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount of current year depreciation expense is \$4,570. There were no capital asset additions in the current period.	 (4,570)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (83,480)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	\$	(7,591)	\$	(27,591)	\$	80,705	\$	108,296
Resources (inflows): Property taxes - secured and unsecured Interest		5,017 500		5,017 500		8,778 1,802		3,761 1,302
Aid from other government agencies: State Federal		_		-		147 2		147 2
Service type property assessments		29,499		29,499		29,481		(18)
Amounts available from appropriation		35,016		35,016		40,210		5,194
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Maintenance - building/grounds		92,298 50		92,298 50		103,683 29		(11,385) 21
Office expense Postage		150		150		-		150
Professional services		18,884		18,884		16,762		2,122
Specialized departmental Utilities		5,000		5,000		1,080 3,713		(1,080) 1,287
Appropriations for contingencies		7,395		7,395		-		7,395
Total charges to appropriations		123,777		123,777		125,267		(1,490)
Budgetary Fund Balance - June, 30 2006	\$	(96,352)	\$	(116,352)	\$	(4,352)	\$	112,000
Explanation of Differences Between Budge and Expenditures:	etary	Inflows and	d Oı	utflows and	I GA	AP Revenu	es	
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available budgetary comparison schedule not includ Differences - budget to GAAP				from the			\$	40,210
Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu	daeta	ary basis of	acc	ounting				85
Total revenues as reported on the statemen and changes in fund balance							\$	40,295
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total cha the budgetary comparison schedule	rges ⁽	to appropria	ition	s" from			\$	125,267
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu	dgeta	ary basis of	acc	ounting				(6,062)
Total expenditures as reported on the stater expenditures and changes in fund balance		of revenues	and	b			\$	119,205

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

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B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

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Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

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Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

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The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of the District.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

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2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$4,100 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

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Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	<u>Useful Life</u>
Playground equipment improvements Telephone pole and chain fence	25 Years 15 Years
Equipment	<u>Useful Life</u>
Jacuzzi centrifugal pump	5 Years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

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Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

5. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2— STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2— STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

B. Excess in Expenditures Over Appropriations

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriation in the following amounts for the fiscal year June 30, 2006:

Maintenance – building and grounds	\$ 11,385
Specialized departmental	\$ 1,080

NOTE 3— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer	\$ 7,745
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 7,745</u>

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,745
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 7,745</u>

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 4— CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Balance ne 30, 2005	A	dditions	Retire	ements	Balance ie 30, 2006_
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 107,031 1,361	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 107,031 1,361
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 108,392		_		_	 108,392
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	 (20,407) (1,361) (21,768)		(4,570) (4,570)		- - -	 (24,977) (1,361) (26,338)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 86,624	\$	(4,570)	\$	_	\$ 82,054

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the District as follows:

Public Ways and Facilities

\$ 4.570

NOTE 5— RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 6— COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno. California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 5 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 5 as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 5 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 42,764
Receivables:	
Accounts	261
Interest	512
Total current assets	43,537
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Machinery and equipment	87,215
Less: accumulated depreciation	(85,086)
Total noncurrent assets	2,129
Total assets	45,666
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,464
Total liabilities	4,464
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	2,129
Unrestricted	39,073
Total net assets	\$ 41,202

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 989
Other operating revenues	31,069
Total operating revenues	32,058
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	1,087
Professional and specialized services	16,710
Specialized departmental expenses	1,647
General and administrative	259
Repairs and maintenance	5,036
Utilities	16,206
Depreciation	2,130
Total operating expenses	43,075
Operating income (loss)	(11,017)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	1,797
Property taxes	12,327
Homeowners property tax relief	195
Federal in-lieu housing	2
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	14,321
Change in net assets	3,304
Net assets - beginning	37,898
Net assets - ending	\$ 41,202

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 1,032 (40,273)
Other operating receipts	 31,069
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (8,172)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Property taxes received	 12,524
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	 12,524
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	 1,638
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 1,638
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 5,990
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	 36,774
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 42,764

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 5, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1963 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The function of the District is to provide community water, flood control facilities and maintenance of a recreational lake in Wildwood Island, Tract 1895. This subdivision is located on the east side of the Kings River, approximately two miles northeast of Centerville. In 1966, adjoining lands were subdivided as Wildwood Meadows, Tract 2053, and annexed to the District. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major fund aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$4,464 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Water System	40 Years
Telemetry System	15 Years
Hydro-Pneumatic Tank	10 Years
Well	10 Years

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

The County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

5. Property Taxes (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$ 42,764

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 42,764

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 42,764

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 42,764

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Ju	ly 1, 2006					Jun	e 30, 2007
		Balance	A	dditions	Dele	etions		Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment	\$	87,215	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,215
Less: accumulated depreciation		(82,956)		(2,130)				(85,086)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	4,259	\$	(2,130)	\$	-	\$	2,129

NOTE 4—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 5 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 5 as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 5 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Parge & Company

Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and equivalents Receivables:	\$	36,774
Accounts		304
Interest		354
Total current assets	, ,,	37,432
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Machinery and equipment		87,215
Less: accumulated depreciation		(82,957)
Total noncurrent assets		4,258
Total assets		41,690
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		0.700
Accounts payable		3,792
Total liabilities		3,792
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets		4,258
Unrestricted		33,640
Total net assets	\$	37,898

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 1,084
Other operating revenues	31,117
Total operating revenues	32,201
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	1,443
Professional and specialized services	16,848
Specialized departmental expenses	1,689
General and administrative	275
Repairs and maintenance	2,423
Utilities	14,357
Depreciation	2,130
Total operating expenses	39,165
Operating income (loss)	(6,964)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	1,168
Property taxes	9,996
Homeowners property tax relief	204
Federal in-lieu housing	3
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	11,371
Change in net assets	4,407
Net assets - beginning	33,491
Net assets - ending	\$ 37,898

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users	\$ 780
Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	(37,334) 31,117
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (5,437)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Property taxes received	 10,203
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	 10,203
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	 815
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 815
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 5,581
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	 31,193
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 36,774
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (6,964)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	2,130
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	(304) 590
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(889)
Total adjustments	 1,527
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (5,437)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 5, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1963 under the provisioons of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The function of the District is to provide community water, flood control facilities and maintenance of a recreational lake in Wildwood Island, Tract 1895. This subdivision is located on the east side of the Kings River, approximately two miles northeast of Centerville. In 1966, adjoining lands were subdivided as Wildwood Meadows, Tract 2053, and annexed to the District. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major fund aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$3,792 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Water System Telemetry System Hydro-Pneumatic Tank	40 Years 15 Years 10 Years
Well	10 Years

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

The County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

5. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$ 36,774

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 36,774

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 36,744

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 36,744

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Ju	lly 1, 2005					Jun	e 30, 2006
		Balance	Α	dditions	Dele	etions	- [3alance
Capital assets being depreciated:		····						
Machinery and equipment	\$	87,215	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,215
Less: accumulated depreciation		(80,827)		(2,130)				(82,957)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,388	\$	(2,130)	\$	_	\$	4,258

NOTE 4—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 7 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 7 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 7, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 7 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ 89,310 1,085 \$ 90,395	\$ - - -	\$ 89,310 1,085 90,395
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 2,651 2,651	<u> </u>	2,651 2,651
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund balance: Unreserved Total fund balance	87,744 87,744	(87,744) (87,744)	-
Total liabilities and fund balance Net assets: Unrestricted Total net assets	\$ 90,395	87,744 \$ 87,744	87,744 \$ 87,744

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund		Adjus	tments	atement Activities
Expenditures/Expenses:					
Public ways and facilities	\$	17,990	\$	-	\$ 17,990
Total expenditures/expenses		17,990			 17,990
Revenues					
Program revenue:					
Charges for services		22,188		-	 22,188
Total program revenue		22,188		<u>-</u>	 22,188
Net program expense		4,198		<u>-</u>	 4,198
General revenues:					
Property taxes		6,403		-	6,403
Unrestricted investment earnings		3,786		-	3,786
Miscellaneous		91		-	91
Total general revenues		10,280			 10,280
Excess of revenues over expenditures		14,478		(14,478)	
Change in net assets		-		14,478	14,478
Fund balance/net assets:					
Beginning of the year		73,266			 73,266
End of the year	\$	87,744	\$		\$ 87,744

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Balance - July 1, 2006	\$	31,470	\$	31,470	\$	71,649	\$	40,179
Resources (inflows):								
Taxes		3,986		3,986		6,403		2,417
Use of money and property		1,100		1,100		3,434		2,334
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		91		91 67
Charges for current services		22,122		22,122	-	22,189		67
Total revenues		27,208		27,208		32,117		4,909
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Public ways and facilities: Original Zone:								
Services and supplies		17,300		17,300		10,514		6,786
Contingencies		1,730		1,730		-		1,730
Zone D:								
Services and supplies		20,314		20,314		6,992		13,322
Contingencies		2,031		2,031		_		2,031
Total charges to appropriations		41,375		41,375		17,506		23,869
Budgetary Balance - June, 30 2007	\$	17,303	\$	17,303	\$	86,260	\$	68,957
Explanation of Differences Between Budge Revenues and Expenditures: Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available	·				GAA	P		
budgetary comparison schedule							\$	32,117
Differences - budget to GAAP Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis a	adjus	tment						351
Total revenues as reported on the statement o and changes in fund balance	f reve	enues and e	expen	ditures			<u>\$</u>	32,468
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charter the budgetary comparison schedule	ges to	o appropria	tions"	from			\$	17,506
Differences - budget to GAAP Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis a	adjus	tment						484
Total expenditures as reported on the statem	ent c	f revenues	and					
expenditures and changes in fund balance							\$	17,990

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 7, a special district (District) is a revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District is comprised of two independent zones located throughout the County. The District was formed in 1963 under the provisions of the Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board).

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

County Service Area No. 7 (the original zone) provides street lighting for three noncontiguous subdivisions that are located 1) along the San Joaquin River Bluffs near Valentine Avenue, 2) south of Herndon Avenue and east of Palm Avenue, and 3) on Argyle Avenue north of Tulare Avenue. Zone "D" is located west of the City of Fresno. Zone "D" encompasses Tract 4503 and was formed to provide street lighting and street landscape maintenance for approximately 1/3 of a mile.

County Service Area No. 7 (the original zone) provides street lighting for noncontiguous subdivisions. The District is dynamic in that new zones are added and old zones are deleted as warranted and with approval of the Board of Supervisors. The function of the District is now to serve as the street lighting entity for the metropolitan area, outside the incorporated city. New subdivisions that require street lighting are, therefore, normally annexed to this service area rather than forming new entities. Street lighting is provided by contract with PG&E. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

This District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levis property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. Property Taxes (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer

\$ 89,310

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 89,310

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$ 89,310

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 89,310

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 7 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 7 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 7, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 7 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Pruce Parge & Company

Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund	Statement of Net Assets	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ 74,050	\$ - 	\$ 74,050
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 1,518 1,518	<u>-</u>	1,518 1,518
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund Balance: Unreserved Total fund balance	73,266 73,266	(73,266) (73,266)	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 74,784		
Net Assets: Unrestricted Total net assets		73,266 \$ 73,266	73,266 \$ 73,266

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Expenditures/Expenses: Public ways and facilities Total expenditures/expenses	\$ 20,477 20,477	<u>\$</u>	\$ 20,477 20,477
Revenues Program revenue: Charges for services Total program revenue	22,008 22,008		22,008 22,008
Net program expense			1,531
General revenues: Property taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues	5,103 2,256 99 7,458	-	5,103 2,256 99 7,458
Excess of revenues over expenditures	8,989	(8,989)	
Change in net assets	-	8,989	8,989
Fund balance/net assets: Beginning of the year	64,277		64,277
End of the year	\$ 73,266	\$ -	\$ 73,266

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Balance - July 1, 2005	\$	44,219	\$	44,219	\$	64,277	\$	20,058
Resources (inflows): Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for current services Total revenues		3,606 1,100 - 21,941 26,647		3,606 1,100 21,941 26,647		5,390 2,008 99 22,008 29,505		1,784 908 99 67 2,858
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Public ways and facilities Original Zone: Services and supplies Contingencies Zone D: Services and supplies Contingencies Total charges to appropriations		16,438 1,644 19,376 1,938 39,396		16,438 1,644 19,376 1,938 39,396		16,028 - 6,105 - 22,133		410 1,644 13,271 1,938 17,263
Budgetary Balance - June, 30 2006	\$	31,470	\$	31,470	\$	71,649	\$	40,179
Explanation of Differences Between Budge Revenues and Expenditures: Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available budgetary comparison schedule					GAA	P	\$	29,505
Differences - budget to GAAP Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis	adjus	tment						(39)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues and expenditures and changes in fund balance				\$	29,466			
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total chathe budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP	rges t	o appropria	tions"	from			\$	22,133
Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis	=		and					(1,656)
Total expenditures as reported on the state expenditures and changes in fund balance		n revenues	anu				\$	20,477

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 7, a special district (District) is a revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District is comprised of two independent zones located throughout the County. The District was formed in 1963 under the provisions of the Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board).

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

County Service Area No. 7 (the original zone) provides street lighting for three noncontiguous subdivisions that are located 1) along the San Joaquin River Bluffs near Valentine Avenue, 2) south of Herndon Avenue and east of Palm Avenue, and 3) on Argyle Avenue north of Tulare Avenue. Zone "D" is located west of the City of Fresno. Zone "D" encompasses Tract 4503 and was formed to provide street lighting and street landscape maintenance for approximately 1/3 of a mile.

County Service Area No. 7 (the original zone) provides street lighting for noncontiguous subdivisions. The District is dynamic in that new zones are added and old zones are deleted as warranted and with approval of the Board of Supervisors. The function of the District is now to serve as the street lighting entity for the metropolitan area, outside the incorporated city. New subdivisions that require street lighting are, therefore, normally annexed to this service area rather than forming new entities. Street lighting is provided by contract with PG&E. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

This District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provides a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levis property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. Property Taxes (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer

\$ 74,050

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 74,050

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$ 74,050

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 74,050

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 10 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 10 as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 10 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192,256
Receivables:	
Accounts	20,390
Interest	 2,380
Total current assets	 215,026
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Land	1,199
Depreciable:	
Machinery and equipment	99,397
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (83,274)
Total noncurrent assets	 17,322
Total assets	 232,348
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 11,220
Total liabilities	 11,220
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	17,322
Unrestricted	203,806
Total net assets	\$ 221,128

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	86,737
Other operating revenues		31,989
Total operating revenues		118,726
Operating expenses:		
Insurance		855
Professional and specialized services		46,358
Specialized departmental expenses		515
General and administrative		3,664
Repairs and maintenance		19,224
Utilities		21,417
Depreciation		2,313
Total operating expenditures		94,346
Operating income (loss)		24,380
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Investment earnings		8,286
Property taxes		1,802
Homeowners tax relief / in-lieu of taxes		33
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		10,121
Change in net assets		34,501
Total net assets - beginning		186,627
Total net assets - ending	<u>\$</u>	221,128

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 10

County of Fresno, California (A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flow from operating activities:		
Cash received from users	\$	84,658
Cash paid to suppliers		(88,725)
Other operating receipts		31,989
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		27,922
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Property taxes received		1,835
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		1,835
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		7,462
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		7,462
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		37,219
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		155,037
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$</u>	192,256
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	24,380
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation		2,313
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(2,079)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		3,308
Total adjustments		3,542
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	27,922

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 10, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide water and street lighting for the community and to maintain the roadway median, recreation building and bridle paths of Cumorah Knolls, Tract 1838. This subdivision is located northwest of Shaw and Academy Avenues.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1963 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance, accounting, financial reporting, and auditing to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and nonmajor funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District did not record any amount of allowance for uncollectible accounts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$11,220 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
AC Mains	70 Years
Pressure Tanks	50 Years
Master Meters, Fire Hydrants and	
Extensions, Gate Valves, and Wells	40 Years
Water Meters	15-40 Years
Computer Equipment	15 Years
Pump Assembly	10 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer	<u>\$ 192,256</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192,256

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 192,256</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192,256

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2007 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,199 1,199	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,199 1,199
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	99,397 99,397			99,397 99,397
Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Total depreciation	(80,961) (80,961)	(2,313) (2,313)	-	(83,274) (83,274)
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 19,635</u>	\$ (2,313)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 17,322

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 10 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 10 as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 10 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Prue Parge & Company

Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Accounts	\$ 155,037 18,311
Interest	1,557
Total current assets	174,905
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Nondepreciable:	1 100
Land	1,199
Depreciable: Machinery and equipment	99,397
Less: accumulated depreciation	(80,961)
Total noncurrent assets	19,635
Total assets	194,540
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	7,912
Total liabilities	7,912
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	19,635
Unrestricted	166,993
Total net assets	<u>\$ 186,628</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 80,291
Other operating revenues	 31,989
Total operating revenues	 112,280
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	631
Professional and specialized services	41,196
Specialized departmental expenses	515
General and administrative	4,662
Repairs and maintenance	31,525
Utilities	18,748
Depreciation	 2,449
Total operating expenditures	 99,726
Operating income (loss)	 12,554
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	4,866
Property taxes	732
Homeowners tax relief / in-lieu of taxes	 33
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 5,631
Change in net assets	18,185
Total net assets - beginning	 168,443
Total net assets - ending	\$ 186,628

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 10 County of Fresno, California (A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flow from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$	73,891 (103,289) 31,989
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,591
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Property taxes received	•	765
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		765
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		4,325
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		4,325
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7,681
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	-	147,356
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	155,037
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	12,554
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments		2,449 (6,400) (6,012) (9,963)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	2,591

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 10, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide water and street lighting for the community and to maintain the roadway median, recreation building and bridle paths of Cumorah Knolls, Tract 1838. This subdivision is located northwest of Shaw and Academy Avenues.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1963 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance, accounting, financial reporting, and auditing to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District recorded a total of \$139 of allowance for uncollectible accounts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$7,912 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
AC Mains	70 Years
Pressure Tanks	50 Years
Master Meters, Fire Hydrants and	
Extensions, Gate Valves, and Wells	40 Years
Water Meters	15-40 Years
Computer Equipment	15 Years
Pump Assembly	10 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer	<u>\$ 155,037</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 155,037</u>

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 155,037</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 155,037</u>

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3— CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,199 1,199	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,199 1,199
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	99,397 99,397			99,397 99,397
Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Total depreciation	(78,512) (78,512)	(2,449) (2,449)	<u> </u>	(80,961) (80,961)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,084	\$ (2,449)	\$ -	\$ 19,635

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 4— RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5— COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 14 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 14 of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 14 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 53,825
Receivables:	
Taxes	42
Interest	 660
Total current assets	 54,527
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Land	1,695
Depreciable:	
Structure and improvements	25,310
Machinery and equipment	13,428
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (26,997)
Total capital assets	 13,436
Total assets	 67,963
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 4,355
Total liabilities	 4,355
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	13,436
Unrestricted	 50,172
Total net assets	\$ 63,608

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 238
Other operating revenues	17,167
Total operating revenues	17,405
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	387
Repairs and maintenance	5,356
Memberships and publications	6
Office expense	93
Professional and specialized services	12,680
Specialized departmental expenses	1,111
Utilities	7,856
Depreciation	2,655
Total operating expenses	30,144
Operating income (loss)	(12,739)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	2,369
Property taxes	8,834
Homeowner's tax relief	138
Federal in-lieu housing	1
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	11,342
Change in net assets	(1,397)
Net assets - beginning	65,005
Net assets - ending	\$ 63,608

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$ 324 (26,694) 17,167
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (9,203)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Property taxes received	 8,973
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	 8,973
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	 2,219
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 2,219
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,989
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	 51,836
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 53,825
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Aperating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (12,739)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) by operating activities:	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	2,655 86
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	 79 <u>5</u>
Total adjustments	 3,536
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (9,203)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 14, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to maintain the community water system, storm drainage and street lighting for the subdivision of Belmont Manor, Tract 2031. The subdivision is located at Belmont and Leonard Avenues. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1970 under the provisions of Government code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$4,355 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Shed	5 Years
Pump	10 Years
Land improvements	15 Years
Hydraulic tank	15 Years
Water well	20 Years

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

5. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$53,825

Total cash and cash equivalents \$53,825

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$53,825

Total cash and cash equivalents \$53,825

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2007 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	¢ 1.605	<u>.</u>	Ф.	¢ 1.605
Land	<u>\$ 1,695</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,695
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,695			1,695
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Structure and improvements	25,310	-	-	25,310
Machinery and equipment	13,428			13,428
Total capital assets not being depreciated	38,738			38,738
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Structure and improvements	(19,298)	(1,951)	-	(21,249)
Machinery and equipment	(5,044)	(704)		(5,748)
Total accumulated depreciation	(24,342)	(2,655)		(26,997)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 16,091	\$ (2,655)	<u> </u>	\$ 13,436

NOTE 4—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 14 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 14 of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 14 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Parge & Company

Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 51,836
Receivables:	400
Taxes	128
Interest	 510
Total current assets	 52,474
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Land	1,695
Depreciable:	05.040
Structure and improvements	25,310
Machinery and equipment	13,428
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (24,342)
Total capital assets	 16,091
Total assets	 68,565
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 3,560
Total liabilities	 3,560
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	16,091
Unrestricted	 48,914
Total net assets	\$ 65,005

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 214
Other operating revenues	 17,167
Total operating revenues	17,381
, ott. operating received	
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	499
Repairs and maintenance	3,808
Memberships and publications	2
Office expense	134
Professional and specialized services	11,917
Specialized departmental expenses	1,315
Utilities	7,215
Depreciation	 2,655
Total operating expenses	27,545
Operating income (loss)	 (10,164)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	1,585
Property taxes	6,064
Homeowner's tax relief	139
Federal in-lieu housing	2
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	7,790
· · · · · · ·	
Change in net assets	(2,374)
Net assets - beginning	 67,379
Net assets - ending	\$ 65,005

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$ 516 (23,435) 17,167
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (5,752)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Property taxes received	 6,205
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	 6,205
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	 1,428
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 1,428
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,881
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	49,955
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 51,836
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Aperating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (10,164)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) by operating activities:	
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments	 2,655 302 199 1,256 4,412
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (5,752)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 14, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to maintain the community water system, storm drainage and street lighting for the subdivision of Belmont Manor, Tract 2031. The subdivision is located at Belmont and Leonard Avenues. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1970 under the provisions of Government code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$3,560 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Shed	5 Years
Pump	10 Years
Land improvements	15 Years
Hydraulic tank	15 Years
Water well	20 Years

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

5. Property Taxes (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$51,836

Total cash and cash equivalents \$51,836

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$51,836

Total cash and cash equivalents \$51,836

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3— CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance		Deletions	June 30, 2006 Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,695	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,695			1,695	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Structure and improvements	25,310	-	-	25,310	
Machinery and equipment	13,428			13,428	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	38,738	_	-	38,738	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Structure and improvements	(17,347)	(1,951)	-	(19,298)	
Machinery and equipment	(4,340)	(704)		(5,044)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,687)	(2,655)		(24,342)	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 18,746	\$ (2,655)	<u> </u>	\$ 16,091	

NOTE 4— RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5— COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 18 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 18, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 18 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund					tments	Statement of Net Assets		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	\$	46,244 586	\$	- -	\$	46,244 586			
Total assets	\$	46,830				46,830			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	1,280 1,280		<u>-</u>		1,280 1,280			
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund balance: Unreserved Total fund balance		45,550 45,550		(45,550) (45,550)		<u>-</u>			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	46,830							
Net assets: Unrestricted Total net assets			\$	45,550 45,550	\$	45,550 45,550			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities		
Expenditures/Expenses	. 7.400	Φ.	Ф 7.400		
Public ways and facilities	<u>\$ 7,182</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 7,182		
Total expenditures/expenses	7,182	-	7,182		
Revenues					
Program revenue:					
Charges for services					
Total program revenue					
Net program expense			(7,182)		
General revenue:					
Property taxes	310	-	310		
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,334		2,334		
Total general revenues	2,644		2,644		
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(4,538)	4,538			
Change in net assets	-	(4,538)	(4,538)		
Fund balance/net assets:					
Beginning of the year	50,088	<u>-</u>	50,088		
End of the year	\$ 45,550	<u>\$</u>	\$ 45,550		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original Final Budget Budget			-			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	\$	46,236	\$	44,915	\$	49,719	\$	4,804	
Resources (inflows):									
Property taxes		275		275		310		35	
Interest		1,000		1,000		2,250		1,250	
Amounts available for appropriation		1,275		1,275		2,560		1,285	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):									
Professional and specialized services		2,390		2,390		1,386		1,004	
PeopleSoft financials charge		500		500		223		277	
Utilities		5,000		5,000		5,133		(133)	
Contingencies		789		789				789	
Total charges to appropriations		8,679		8,679		6,742		1,937	
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$	38,832	\$	37,511	\$	45,537	\$	8,026	
Explanation of Differences Between Budget GAAP Revenues and Expenditures: Sources/inflows of resources:									
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available budgetary comparison schedule not includi			from	i the			\$	2,560	
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bud	dgetar	y basis of a	accou	nting				84	
Total revenues as reported on the statement	of rev	enues and	evne	nditures					
and changes in fund balance	OI ICV	crides and	САРС	rialtares			\$	2,644	
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule \$								6,742	
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bud	dgetar	y basis of a	accou	nting				440	
Total expenditures as reported on the statem expenditures and changes in fund balance	ent of	revenues	and				\$	7,182	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 18, a special district (District), is a special revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1966 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board). The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno. The function of the District is to provide street lighting in the unincorporated area near Calwa. Subsequent to its formation, much of the District's area was annexed to the City of Fresno. Therefore, services in the annexed area were no longer required of the District. The District continues to ensure the installation and maintenance of street lighting in the remaining area by contracting with PG&E. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 18.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Continued)

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2007.

B. <u>Excess in Expenditures over Appropriations</u>

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriation in the following amounts for the fiscal year June 30, 2007:

Utilities \$ 133

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$46,244

Total cash and cash equivalents \$46,244

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$46,244

Total cash and cash equivalents \$46,244

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 18 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 18, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 18 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Prue Parge & Company

Clovis, California

May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund		Adju	stments	Statement of Net Assets		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ 	50,026 502 50,528	\$	- - -	\$	50,026 502 50,528	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	440 440				440 440	
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund Balance: Unreserved Total fund balance		50,088 50,088		(50,088) (50,088)			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	50,528					
Net Assets: Unrestricted Total net assets			\$	50,088 50,088	\$	50,088 50,088	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Governmenta Fund	Governmental Fund Adjustments		
Expenditures/Expenses Public ways and facilities Total expenditures/expenses	\$ 7,32 7,32		\$ 7,327 7,327	
Revenues Program revenue: Charges for services Total program revenue Net program expense		<u>-</u>	(7,327)	
General revenue: Property taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Total general revenues	28 1,720 2,00	<u> </u>	281 1,720 2,001	
Excess of expenditures over revenues Change in net assets	(5,320	- (5,326)	(5,326)	
Fund balance/net assets: Beginning of the year	55,41	4	55,414	
End of the year	\$ 50,08	8 \$ -	\$ 50,088	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Original Final Actual Budget Budget Amount						
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	\$	51,576	\$	51,576	\$	55,136	\$	3,560
Resources (inflows): Property taxes Interest Amounts available for appropriation		248 1,200 1,448		248 1,200 1,448		281 1,614 1,896		33 414 448
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Professional and specialized services PeopleSoft financials charge Utilities Contingencies Total charges to appropriations		2,110 4,061 617 6,788		3,849 4,061 199 8,109		2,144 516 4,454 199 7,313		1,705 (516) (393) - 796
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	\$	46,236	\$	44,915	\$	49,719	\$	4,804
Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures: Sources/inflows of resources:								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available f budgetary comparison schedule not includi			11011	i uie			\$	1,896
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bud	lgetar	y basis of a	accou	ınting				105
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues and expenditures and changes in fund balance							\$	2,001
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule							\$	7,313
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bud	lgetar	y basis of a	accou	inting				14
Total expenditures as reported on the statem expenditures and changes in fund balance	ent of	f revenues	and				\$	7,327

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 18, a special district (District), is a special revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1966 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board). The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno. The function of the District is to provide street lighting in the unincorporated area near Calwa. Subsequent to its formation, much of the District's area was annexed to the City of Fresno. Therefore, services in the annexed area were no longer required of the District. The District continues to ensure the installation and maintenance of street lighting in the remaining area by contracting with PG&E. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 18.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. Property Taxes (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan — County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Continued)

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2006.

B. Excess in Expenditures over Appropriations

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriation in the following amounts for the fiscal year June 30, 2006:

PeopleSoft financial charges \$ 516 Utilities \$ 393

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$50,026

Total cash and cash equivalents \$50,026

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$50,026

Total cash and cash equivalents \$50,026

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 4 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 19 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 19 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 19, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 19 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund		Adju	stments	Statement of Net Assets		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,495	\$	_	\$	7,495	
Interest receivable	Ψ	91	Ψ	-	Ψ	91	
Total assets	\$	7,586				7,586	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	348		<u>-</u>		348	
Total liabilities		348		<u>-</u>		348	
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS							
Fund balance:							
Unreserved		7,238		(7,238)			
Total fund balance		7,238		(7,238)		<u>-</u> -	
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	7,586					
Net assets:							
Unrestricted				7,238		7,238	
Total net assets			\$	7,238	\$	7,238	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities		
Expenditures/Expenses					
Public ways and facilities	\$ 1,640	<u> </u>	\$ 1,640		
Total expenditures/expenses	1,640	<u> </u>	1,640		
Revenues					
Program revenue:					
Charges for services	1,694		1,694		
Total program revenue	1,694	<u> </u>	1,694		
Net program expense			54		
General revenues:					
Property taxes	575	-	575		
Unrestricted investment earnings	315	-	315		
Miscellaneous	8	<u> </u>	8		
Total general revenues	898		898		
Excess of expenditures over revenues	952	(952)			
Change in net assets	-	952	952		
Fund balance/net assets:					
Beginning of the year	6,286		6,286		
End of the year	\$ 7,238	<u>\$</u>	\$ 7,238		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	\$	6,823	\$	5,491	\$	6,302	\$	811
Resources (inflows): Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for current services		320 100 - 1,697		320 100 - 1,697		574 286 8 1,694		254 186 8 (3)
Amounts available for appropriation		2,117		2,117		2,562		445
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Services and supplies Appropriations for contingencies Total charges to appropriations		2,310 231 2,541		2,310 231 2,541		1,452 - 1,452		858 231 1,089
Budgetary Fund Balance - June, 30 2007	\$	6,399	\$	5,067	\$	7,412	\$	2,345
Explanation of Differences Between Budge GAAP Revenues and Expenditures: Sources/inflows of resources:	etary	Inflows ar	nd Out	flows and	I			
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available budgetary comparison schedule not include Differences abudgetate CAAB				m the			\$	2,562
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to budgetary basis of accounting Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues and								30
expenditures and changes in fund balance	11 01 10	vendes di	iu				\$	2,592
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total chathe budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to but							\$	1,452 188
Total expenditures as reported on the state expenditures and changes in fund balance		of revenue	s and				\$	1,640

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 19, a special district (District) is a special revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District is comprised of two independent zones located throughout the County. The District was formed in 1967 under the provisions of the Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board). The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno. The function of the District is to provide street lighting to the inhabitants along Hampton Avenue, east of Hayes Avenue. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 19.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. Property Taxes (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$ 7,495

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 7,495

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 7,495

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 7,495

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 19 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 19 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 19, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 19 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2006

		Governmental Fund Adjustme		ıstments	Statemer ents Net Asse		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ <u>\$</u>	6,318 62 6,380	\$ 	<u>-</u> -	\$	6,318 62 6,380	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$	94 94				94 94	
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund Balance: Unreserved Total fund balance		6,286 6,286		(6,286) (6,286)		<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	6,380					
Net Assets: Unrestricted Total net assets			\$	6,286 6,286	\$	6,286 6,286	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		ernmental Fund Adjustments		Statement of Activities		
Expenditures/Expenses Public ways and facilities	\$	2,875	\$		\$	2,875
Total expenditures/expenses	Ψ	2,875	Ψ		Ψ	2,875
Revenues						
Program revenue: Charges for services		1,694		<u>.</u>		1,694
Total program revenue		1,694		-		1,694
Net program expense						(1,181)
General revenues:						
Property taxes		477		-		477
Unrestricted investment earnings		263		-		263
Miscellaneous		8				8
Total general revenues	•	748				748
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(433)		433		-
Change in net assets		-		(433)		(433)
Fund balance/net assets:						
Beginning of the year	***	6,719		<u> </u>		6,719
End of the year	\$	6,286	\$	-	\$	6,286

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		original Budget		Final Budget	Actual mount	Fina P	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	\$	6,558	\$	6,558	\$ 6,697	\$	139
Resources (inflows):		200		000	477		404
Taxes		286 125		286 125	477 201		191 76
Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues		120		120	8		8
Charges for current services		1,697		1,697	1,694		(3)
Amounts available for appropriation		2,108		2,108	 2,380		272
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):							
Services and supplies Appropriations for contingencies		1,675 1 68		3,175	2,775 -		400
Total charges to appropriations		1,843		3,175	 2,775		400
Budgetary Fund Balance - June, 30 2006	\$	6,823	\$	5,491	\$ 6,302	\$	811
Explanation of Differences Between Budget GAAP Revenues and Expenditures: Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available budgetary comparison schedule not include Differences - budget to GAAP	for ap	ppropriation	ns'' fro	m the		\$	2,380
Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu Total revenues as reported on the statemen							62
and changes in fund balance	10110	veriues an	ч схр	Shallares		\$	2,442
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total cha the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP						\$	2,775
Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu	-			unting			100
Total expenditures as reported on the stater expenditures and changes in fund balance		ot revenues	s and			\$	2,875

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 19, a special district (District) is a special revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District is comprised of two independent zones located throughout the County. The District was formed in 1967 under the provisions of the Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board). The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno. The function of the District is to provide street lighting to the inhabitants along Hampton Avenue, east of Hayes Avenue. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 19.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$ 6,318

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,318

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,318

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 6,318

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 23 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only County Service Area No. 23 and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County of Fresno, as of June 30, 2007, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 23 of County of Fresno, California as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 23 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,833
Receivables:	
Accounts	3
Interest	46
Total assets	2,882
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	1,743
Total liabilities	1,743
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	1,139
Total net assets	\$ 1,139

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Other operating revenues	\$ 9,841
Total operating revenues	9,841
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	101
Professional and specialized services	6,318
Specialized departmental expenses	687
General and administrative	61
Repairs and maintenance	1,613
Utilities	1,795
Total operating expenses	10,575
Operating income (loss)	(734)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	42
Property taxes	1,745
Homeowners property tax relief	24
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,811
Net income (loss)	1,077
Net assets - beginning	62
Net assets - ending	\$ 1,139

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from users	\$	21
Cash paid to suppliers	·	(9,900)
Other operating receipts		9,841
3	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(38)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Property taxes received		1,769
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		1,769
Not oddir provided by (doed in) non dapital inianoling delivities		1,700
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		4
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		4
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		4
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,735
		4 000
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	-	1,098
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	2,833
	<u>· </u>	,
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(734)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		21
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		675
Total adjustments		696
Not seed to the Head and Head are the	•	(00)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(38)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

County Service Area No. 23, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to maintain the community water system in Exchenquer Heights, Tract 1994. The subdivision is located approximately three miles southwest of the Dinkey Creek area. Maintenance is provided by contract with the Exchenquer Heights Property Owners Association. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District was formed in 1970 under the provisions of Government code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash are considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$1,743 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 — CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$2,833

Total cash and cash equivalents \$2.833

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$2,833

Total cash and cash equivalents \$2,833

<u>Investment in County Treasury</u>

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's prorata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 — RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 4 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 23 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only County Service Area No. 23 and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County of Fresno, as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 23 of County of Fresno, California as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 23 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,098
Receivables:	
Accounts	24
Interest	8
Total assets	1,130
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	4.000
Accounts payable	1,068
Total liabilities	1,068
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	62
Total net assets	\$ 62

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Other operating revenues	\$ 9,562
Total operating revenues	9,562
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	80
Professional and specialized services	6,762
Specialized departmental expenses	863
General and administrative	81
Repairs and maintenance	1,169
Utilities	770
Total operating expenses	9,725
Operating income (loss)	(163)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	44
Property taxes	1,135
Homeowners property tax relief	24
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,203
Net income (loss)	1,040
Net assets - beginning	(978)
Net assets - ending	\$ 62

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$ (24) (10,161) 9,562
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (623)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Property taxes received	 1,159
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	 1,159
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	36
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 36
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	572
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	 526
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,098
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (163)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(5.1)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid assets	(24)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	 (436)
Total adjustments	 (460)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (623)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

County Service Area No. 23, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to maintain the community water system in Exchenquer Heights, Tract 1994. The subdivision is located approximately three miles southwest of the Dinkey Creek area. Maintenance is provided by contract with the Exchenquer Heights Property Owners Association. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District was formed in 1970 under the provisions of Government code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash are considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$1,068 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer

\$1,098

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$1,098

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$1,098

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$1,098

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3— RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 4— COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 30 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 30, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 30 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Receivables:	\$ 5,513
Accounts	12,208
Total current assets	17,721
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Structures and improvements	488,121
Less: accumulated depreciation	(232,915)
Total noncurrent assets	255,206
Total assets	272,927
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	10,804
Due to County of Fresno	16,339
Total liabilities	27,143
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	255,206
Unrestricted	(9,422)
Total net assets	\$ 245,784

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 30 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 86,752
Total operating revenues	86,752
Operating expenses:	
Agriculture	13,910
Insurance	708
Professional services	42,604
Specialized departmental expenses	5,637
General and administrative	15,898
Repairs and maintenance	1,406
Utilities	9,570
Depreciation	12,888
Total operating expenses	102,621
Operating income (loss)	(15,869)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	(601)
Property taxes	1,192
Homeowners property tax relief	16
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	607
Net income (loss)	(15,262)
Net assets - beginning	261,046
Net assets - ending	\$ 245,784

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWSFor the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from users	\$	83,490
Cash paid to suppliers		(91,883)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(8,393)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Property taxes received		1,208
Loan Proceeds		16,339
Net cash provided (used in) non-capital financing activities		17,547
The case provided (access) from capital intainering dominates		,
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		(640)
Net cash provided by investing activities		(640)
Net easil provided by investing activities	-	(0+0)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,514
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		(3,001)
Cash and Cash equivalents - beginning		(3,001)
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	5,513
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(15,869)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		12,888
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(3,262)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(2,150)
Total adjustments	-	7,476
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(8,393)
		, , /

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 30, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide maintenance of the water and sewer systems, street lighting, and refuse disposal in the subdivision known as El Porvenir, which is located on the west side of Derrick Avenue (Highway 33) near Clarkson Avenue. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1980 under the provisions of Government code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District did not record any expenses for bad debts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$10,804 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Property Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Pump and well replacement	15 Years
Sewer system	24 Years
Water telemetry plant	15 Years
Water treatment plant	25 Years
Water storage tank	30 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County record tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 — CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with the County of Fresno Treasurer \$5,513

Total cash and cash equivalents \$5,513

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents \$5,513

Total cash and cash equivalents \$5,513

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 — CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2007 Balance
Capital assets being depreciated: Structures and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 488,121 488,121	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 488,121 488,121
Less accumulated depreciation: Structures and improvements Total depreciation	(220,027) (220,027)	(12,888) (12,888)	<u> </u>	(232,915) (232,915)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 268,094	\$ (12,888)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 255,206

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4 — RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 30 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 30, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 30 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Parge & Company

Clovis California

May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS Current assets: Receivables: Accounts Interest Total current assets	\$ 8,947 (40) 8,907
Non-current assets: Capital assets: Structures and improvements Less: accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	488,121 (220,027) 268,094
Total assets	277,001
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to County of Fresno Total liabilities	12,954 3,001 15,955
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Total net assets	268,094 (7,048) \$ 261,046

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 65,971
Total operating revenues	 65,971
Operating expenses:	
Agriculture	1,946
Insurance	265
Professional services	49,175
Specialized departmental expenses	2,792
General and administrative	7,123
Repairs and maintenance	3,089
Utilities	17,395
Depreciation	 12,888
Total operating expenses	 94,673
Operating income (loss)	 (28,702)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	214
Property taxes	371
Homeowners property tax relief	 16
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 601
Net income (loss)	(28,101)
Net assets - beginning	 289,147
Net assets - ending	\$ 261,046

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from users	\$	64,046
Cash paid to suppliers		(74,563)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(10,517)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(10,017)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Property taxes received		387
Net cash provided (used in) non-capital financing activities		387
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		255
Net cash provided by investing activities		255
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(9,875)
Net Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(0,070)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		9,875
O a la surd seek a surivalenda a andina	\$	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	Ψ	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
	œ.	(20.702)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(28,702)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		12,888
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(1,925)
Increase (decrease) in cash overdraft		3,001
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		4,221
Total adjustments		18,185
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(10,517)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 30, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide maintenance of the water and sewer systems, street lighting, and refuse disposal in the subdivision known as El Porvenir, which is located on the west side of Derrick Avenue (Highway 33) near Clarkson Avenue. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1980 under the provisions of Government code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District did not record any expenses for bad debts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$12,954 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Property Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Sewer system	24 Years
Water telemetry plant	15 Years
Water treatment plant	25 Years
Water storage tank	30 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County record tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2—DUE TO COUNTY OF FRESNO

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. As of June 30, 2006, the District was overdrawn \$3,001 from the County of Fresno cash pool.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006 Balance
Capital assets being depreciated: Structures and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 488,121 488,121	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ 488,121 488,121
Less accumulated depreciation: Structures and improvements Total depreciation	(207,139) (207,139)	(12,888) (12,888)		(220,027) (220,027)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 280,982	\$ (12,888)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 268,094

NOTE 4—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of County Service Area No. 31 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of County Service Area No. 31, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows and the budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 31 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis. California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

		Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	537,060	\$	266,517	\$	803,577	
Receivables:	Ψ	00.,000	Ψ	200,011	Ψ	000,011	
Accounts		-		25,563		25,563	
Interest		4,843		3,518		8,361	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land		-		329,842		329,842	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:							
Structures and improvements		174,608		4,518,239		4,692,847	
Machinery and equipment		379,487		27,302		406,789	
Total assets		1,095,998		5,170,981		6,266,979	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		54,619		40,519		95,138	
Total liabilities		54,619		40,519		95,138	
		<u> </u>		_		_	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets		554,095		4,875,383		5,429,478	
Unrestricted		487,284		255,079		742,363	
Total net assets	\$	1,041,379	\$	5,130,462	\$	6,171,841	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

			ogram		Revenues and Char	<u> </u>
			venues		Primary Governme	ent
	_	Charges for	Capital Grants	Governmental	Business-type	
	Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs						
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:	Φ 007.044	Φ 000 705	400.000	Φ 000.004	Φ.	Φ 000 004
Public ways and facilities	\$ 237,341	\$ 269,725	\$ 190,000	\$ 222,384	<u> </u>	\$ 222,384
Total governmental activities	237,341	269,725	190,000	222,384	-	222,384
Business Activities:						
Water and sewer	529,205	270,590	-	-	(258,615)	(258,615)
Total business-type activities	529,205	270,590			(258,615)	(258,615)
rotal business type usuvines	020,200	210,000			(200,010)	(200,010)
Total primary government	\$ 766,546	<u>\$ 540,315</u>	\$ 190,000	222,384	(258,615)	(36,231)
General Revenues:						
Rent				4,708	-	4,708
Unrestricted investment earnings				20,729	13,630	34,359
Total general revenues				25,437	13,630	39,067
Change in net assets				247,821	(244,985)	2,836
Net assets - beginning				793,558	5,375,447	6,169,005
Net assets - ending				\$ 1,041,379	\$ 5,130,462	\$ 6,171,841

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 537,060
Interest receivable	4,843
Total assets	<u>\$ 541,903</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 54,619
Total liabilities	54,619
Fund balance:	
Unrestricted	487,284
Total fund balance	487,284
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 541,903

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 487,284
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets are not recorded in governmental fund types, but recorded in government-wide statement to conform with GAAP accounting requirements.	 554,095
Net assets of governmental activity	\$ 1,041,379

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 31 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues:	
Service-type property assessments	\$ 269,725
Investment earnings	20,729
Rent	 4,708
Total revenues	 295,162
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Public ways and facilities:	
Maintenance - building and grounds	5,173
Office expense	1,707
Professional services	199,701
Special department expense	816
Capital outlay	 216,916
Total expenditures	 424,313
Other financing sources (uses):	
Capital contributions	 190,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	190,000
Changes in fund balance	60,849
Fund balance - beginning	 426,435
Fund balance - ending	\$ 487,284

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 31 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds

\$ 60,849

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount of current year depreciation expense is \$29,944. There were no capital asset additions in the current period.

186,972

Change in net assets of governmental activities

247,821

BUDGTARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	\$	(9,184)	\$	(124,484)	\$	355,861	\$	480,345
Resources (inflows): Use of money and property Charges for current services Amounts available from appropriation		10,495 262,077 272,572	_	10,495 262,077 272,572	_	24,955 269,725 294,680		14,460 7,648 22,108
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Public ways and facilities: Services and supplies:								
CSA 31		321,784		310,715		212,592		98,123
CSA 31 Zone C		3,205		3,205		1,264		1,941
CSA 31 Zone D		11,524		11,524		628		10,896
CSA 31 Zone E		2,800		2,800		332		2,468
CSA 31 Zone F		2,350		2,350		80		2,270
Contingencies		1,988	_	1,988	_	-		1,988
Total charges to appropriations		343,651		332,582		214,896		117,686
Budgetary Fund balance - June, 30 2007	\$	(80,263)	\$	(184,494)	\$	435,645	\$	620,139
Explanation of Differences Between Budge Revenues and Expenditures:	etary	<i>i</i> Inflows ar	nd C	Outflows an	d G	AAP		
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available from the budgetary comparison schedule in the budgetary comparison							\$	294,680
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu	dge	tary basis of	ac	counting				482
Total revenues as reported on the statemen expenditures and changes in fund balance		revenues ar	nd				\$	295,162
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charfrom the budgetary comparison schedule	rges	to appropri	atio	ns"			\$	214,896
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu	dge	tary basis of	ace	counting				209,417
Total expenditures as reported on the stater expenditures and changes in fund balance		of revenue	s ar	nd			<u>\$</u>	424,313

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUND June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 266,517
Receivables:	
Accounts	25,563
Interest	3,518
Total current assets	295,598
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Land	329,842
Depreciable:	
Structures and improvements	7,249,388
Machinery and equipment	389,347
Furniture and fixtures	6,159
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,099,353)
Total noncurrent assets	4,875,383
Total assets	5,170,981
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	40,519
Total current liabilities	40,519
Total liabilities	40,519
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	4,875,383
Unrestricted	255,079
Total net assets	\$ 5,130,462

COUNTY SERVICE AREA NO. 31 COUNTY OF FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

(A Component Unit of the County of Fresno)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 38,012
Other operating revenues	 232,578
Total operating revenues	 270,590
Operating expenses:	
Depreciation	162,865
Household expense	1,135
Insurance	9,624
Maintenance - equipment	26,572
Maintenance - structures and grounds	48,317
Membership	74
Office expense	1,419
Postage	1,159
PeopleSoft financials charges	13,517
Professional and specialized service	182,454
Publications and legal notices	144
Small tools and equipment	478
Special department expenses	7,312
Telephone Utilities	1,733 72,402
Total operating expenses	 529,205
Operating income (loss)	 (258,615)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	13,630
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 13,630
Change in net assets	(244,985)
Net assets - beginning	 5,375,447
Net assets - ending	\$ 5,130,462

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Payment to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$	37,979 (366,203) 232,578
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(95,646)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		13,658
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		13,658
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(81,988)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		348,505
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$</u>	266,517
Cash and cash equivalents - ending Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	<u>\$</u>	266,517
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	<u>\$</u> \$	266,517 (258,615)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(258,615) 162,865 (33)
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense		(258,615) 162,865

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 31 (CSA 31), including CSA 31 Zone C, CSA 31 Zone D, CSA 31 Zone E and CSA 31 Zone F, is a special revenue fund, and CSA 31 B is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. These funds are classified collectively as a special district (District).

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

CSA 31, CSA 31 Zone B, CSA 31 Zone C, CSA 31 Zone D, CSA 31 Zone E, and CSA 31 Zone F were formed in 1978, 1984, 1995, 1997, 2004, and 2004, respectively. The District was formed under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The function of CSA 31 is to provide fire protection and recreation facilities for the Shaver Lake community. There are 2,218 parcels within the service area, which include cabins, homes, multiliving units, stores, offices, restaurants, garages, service stations, and vacant parcels. Of all these parcels, 1,642 are developed, 540 parcels are vacant, and 36 parcels are tax exempt or unable to be built on.

The function of CSA 31 Zone B is to provide a separate funding mechanism for the community sewer system which serves part of the properties in the Shaver Lake community. Only properties which benefit from the sewer system are included in Zone B, which include the Shaver Lake Village area and Camp Edison. The sewage collection and treatment facilities were constructed through the Clean Water Grant Program.

CSA 31 Zone C is located off Highway 168 in South Shaver Lake. Tracts 3959 and 4914 serve 77 lots. Tract 5024 was added on October 29, 2002, and serves an additional 35 lots. CSA 31 Zone C was formed to provided open lot maintenance to these tracts.

The function of CSA 31 Zone D is to provide maintenance of open space area in Tract 4746 located in the community of Shaver Lake. There are 44 parcels within Zone D that equally benefit from the services provided.

The function of CSA 31 Zone E and CSA 31 Zone F is to provide maintenance of additional areas of open space in the community of Shaver Lake.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of CSA 31, CSA 31 Zone C, CSA 31 Zone D, CSA 31 Zone E and CSA 31 Zone F.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *enterprise funds* accounts for those operations that provide services to the public. This type of fund is used to account for the financial activities of CSA 31 Zone B.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District's ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$95,138 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	25-50 Years
Water tank	30 Years
Center restroom	30 Years
Well	20-30 Years
<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Fire apparatus and equipment	10-18 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Radio tower	5 Years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority form the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

5. Property Taxes (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 3—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$803,577

Total cash and cash equivalents \$803.577

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$803,577

Total cash and cash equivalents \$803,577

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1,2006 Balance	Additions	Retirements	Reclassifying	June 30, 2007 Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets being depreciated:					
Structure and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 207,635 370,536	\$ - 216,916	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 207,635 587,452
Total capital assets being depreciated	578,171	216,916			795,087
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Structure and improvements	(26,106)	(6,921)	-	-	(33,027)
Machinery and equipment	(184,942)	(23,023)			(207,965)
Total accumulated depreciation	(211,048)	(29,944)			(240,992)
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 367,123	\$ 186,972	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 554,09 <u>5</u>
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	<u>\$ 329,842</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 329,842</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	329,842		<u>-</u>		329,842
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	7,249,388	-	-	-	7,249,388
Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures	389,347 6,159	-	-	-	389,347 6,159
		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _		
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,644,894				7,644,894
Less accumulated depreciation:	(0.574.004)	(400,005)			(0.704.440)
Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment	(2,571,064) (359,344)	(160,085) (2,701)	-	-	(2,731,149) (362,045)
Furniture and fixtures	(6,080)	(79)	-	-	(6,159)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,936,488)	(162,865)			(3,099,353)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,708,406	(162,865)	<u>-</u>		4,545,541
Business-type Activities	# 5000 040	Ф. (400.005)	Φ.	•	ф. 4.07E.000
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,038,248	\$ (162,865)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 4,875,383

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	\$ 29,944
Public Ways and Facilities	
Business-type Activities:	 162,865
Water and Sewer	\$ 192,809

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 5—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 6—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of County Service Area No. 31 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of County Service Area No. 31, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows and the budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 31 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Prue Page & Company

May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

	 vernmental activities		siness-type Activities	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 449,354	\$	348,505	\$ 797,859
Receivables:				
Accounts	-		25,530	25,530
Interest	4,361		3,546	7,907
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	-		329,842	329,842
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:				
Structures and improvements	181,529		4,678,324	4,859,853
Machinery and equipment	185,594		30,003	215,597
Furniture and fixtures	 -		79	 <u>79</u>
Total assets	 820,838	,	5,415,829	 6,236,667
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	27,280		40,382	67,662
Total liabilities	 27,280		40,382	67,662
rotal habilities	 			
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	367,123		5,038,169	5,405,292
Unrestricted	 426,435		337,278	 763,713
Total net assets	\$ 793,558	\$	5,375,447	\$ 6,169,005

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Program Revenues		Revenues and Chang Primary Governmen	
		Charges for	Governmental	Business-type	
	Expenses	Services	Activities	Activities	Total
Functions/Programs Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Public ways and facilities	\$ 206,034	\$ 259,220	\$ 53,186	<u>\$</u>	\$ 53,186
Total governmental activities	206,034	259,220	53,186		53,186
Business Activities:					
Water and sewer	550,958	306,147	_	(244,811)	(244,811)
Total business-type activities	550,958	306,147		(244,811)	(244,811)
Total primary government	\$ 756,992	\$ 565,367	53,186	(244,811)	(191,625)
General Revenues:					
Rent			\$ 7,025	\$ 83	\$ 7,108
Unrestricted investment earnings			12,782	15,401	28,183
Total general revenues			19,807	15,484	35,291
Change in net assets			72,993	(229,327)	(156,334)
Net assets - beginning			720,565	5,604,774	6,325,339
Net assets - ending			\$ 793,558	\$ 5,375,447	\$ 6,169,005

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2006

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 449,354
Interest receivable	4,361
Total assets	<u>\$ 453,715</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 27,280
Total liabilities	27,280
Fund balance:	
Reserved for encumbrances	82,644
Unrestricted	343,791
Total fund balance	426,435
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 453,715

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 426,435
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets are not recorded in governmental fund types, but recorded in government-wide statement to conform with GAAP accounting requirements.	 367,123
Net assets of governmental activity	\$ 793,558

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Revenues: Service-type property assessments Investment earnings Rent Total revenues	\$ 259,220 12,782 7,025 279,027
Expenditures: Current:	,
Public ways and facilities:	
Maintenance - building and grounds	384
Office expense	8,234
Professional services	169,350
Special department expense	371
Debt service:	
Principal	36,528
Interest	 2,270
Total expenditures	 217,137
Changes in fund balance	61,890
Fund balance - beginning	 364,545
Fund balance - ending	\$ 426,435

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 61,890
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount of current year depreciation expense is \$25,427. There were no capital asset additions in the current period.	(25,425)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governemntal funds, which the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.	 36,528
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 72,993

BUDGTARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284,134	\$	284,134
Resources (inflows):					
Use of money and property	12,400	12,400	17,883		5,483
Charges for current services	259,525	259,525	<u>259,220</u> 277,103		(305) 5,178
Amounts available from appropriation	271,925	271,925			3,170
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Public ways and facilities: Services and supplies:					
CSA 31	226,616	341,916	164,177		177,739
CSA 31 Zone C	2,150	-	910		(910)
CSA 31 Zone D	9,790	9,790	1,407		8,383
CSA 31 Zone E CSA 31 Zone F	1,850	1,850 2,150	84		1,766 2,150
Capital outlay:	_	2,130	_		2,100
CSA 31	39,000	39,000	38,798		202
Contingencies	1,703	1,703	_		1,703
Total charges to appropriations	281,109	396,409	205,376		191,033
Budgetary Fund balance - June, 30 2006	\$ (9,184)	\$ (124,484)	\$ 355,861	\$	480,345
Explanation of Differences Between Budge Revenues and Expenditures:	etary Inflows	and Outflows a	nd GAAP		
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available from the budgetary comparison schedule."				\$	277,103
Differences - budget to GAAP	9				·
Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu	idgetary basis	of accounting			1,924
Total revenues as reported on the statemen expenditures and changes in fund balance		and		\$	279,027
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total cha from the budgetary comparison schedule	rges to approp	riations"		\$	205,376
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to bu	ıdgetary basis	of accounting			11,761
Total expenditures as reported on the stater expenditures and changes in fund balance		ies and		\$	217,137

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUND June 30, 2006

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 348,505
Receivables:	
Accounts	25,530
Interest	 3,546
Total current assets	 377,581
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	000 040
Land	329,842
Depreciable:	7 0 40 000
Structures and improvements	7,249,388
Machinery and equipment	389,347
Furniture and fixtures	6,159
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (2,936,488)
Total noncurrent assets	 5,038,248
Total assets	 5,415,829
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 40,382
Total current liabilities	 40,382
Total liabilities	 40,382
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,038,248
Unrestricted	 337,199
Total net assets	\$ 5,375,447

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 74,970
Other operating revenues	231,177
Rent	83
Total operating revenues	306,230
Operating expenses:	
Depreciation	143,196
Household expense	373
Insurance	11,907
Maintenance - equipment	32,813
Maintenance - structures and grounds	132,775
Membership	20
Office expense	1,684
Postage	125
PeopleSoft financials charges	6,088
Professional and specialized service	166,200
Publications and legal notices	39
Small tools and equipment	819
Special department expenses	6,500
Telephone	5,888
Utilities	42,531
Total operating expenses	550,958
Operating income (less)	(244 728)
Operating income (loss)	(244,728)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	15,401
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	15,401
Change in net assets	(229,327)
Net assets - beginning	5,604,774
Net assets - ending	\$ 5,375,447

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Payment to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$	49,523 (402,137) 231,177
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	****	(121,437)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets		(637,730)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(637,730)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		19,190
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		19,190
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(739,977)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		1,088,482
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	348,505
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(244,728)
Depreciation expense		143,196
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable		(25,530)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses		4,447 1,178
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments		123,291
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(121,437)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 31 (CSA 31), including CSA 31 Zone C, CSA 31 Zone D, CSA 31 Zone E and CSA 31 Zone F, is a special revenue fund, and CSA 31 B is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. These funds are classified collectively as a special district (District).

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

CSA 31, CSA 31 Zone B, CSA 31 Zone C, CSA 31 Zone D, CSA 31 Zone E, and CSA 31 Zone F were formed in 1978, 1984, 1995, 1997, 2004, and 2004, respectively. The District was formed under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The function of CSA 31 is to provide fire protection and recreation facilities for the Shaver Lake community. There are 2,218 parcels within the service area, which include cabins, homes, multi-living units, stores, offices, restaurants, garages, service stations, and vacant parcels. Of all these parcels, 1,642 are developed, 540 parcels are vacant, and 36 parcels are tax exempt or unable to be built on.

The function of CSA 31 Zone B is to provide a separate funding mechanism for the community sewer system which serves part of the properties in the Shaver Lake community. Only properties which benefit from the sewer system are included in Zone B, which include the Shaver Lake Village area and Camp Edison. The sewage collection and treatment facilities were constructed through the Clean Water Grant Program.

CSA 31 Zone C is located off Highway 168 in South Shaver Lake. Tracts 3959 and 4914 serve 77 lots. Tract 5024 was added on October 29, 2002, and serves an additional 35 lots. CSA 31 Zone C was formed to provided open lot maintenance to these tracts.

The function of CSA 31 Zone D is to provide maintenance of open space area in Tract 4746 located in the community of Shaver Lake. There are 44 parcels within Zone D that equally benefit from the services provided.

The function of CSA 31 Zone E and CSA 31 Zone F is to provide maintenance of additional areas of open space in the community of Shaver Lake.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of CSA 31, CSA 31 Zone C, CSA 31 Zone D, CSA 31 Zone E and CSA 31 Zone F.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *enterprise funds* accounts for those operations that provide services to the public. This type of fund is used to account for the financial activities of CSA 31 Zone B.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District's ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$67,662 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	25-50 Years
Water tank	30 Years
Center restroom	30 Years
Well	20-30 Years
Equipment	<u>Useful Life</u>
Fire apparatus and equipment	10-18 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Radio tower	5 Years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority form the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

5. Property Taxes (Continued)

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2— STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

B. Excess in Expenditures Over Appropriations

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriation in the following amounts for the fiscal year June 30, 2006:

CSA 31 Zone C: Services and Supplies

\$910

NOTE 3—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer

\$ 797,859

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 797,859

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$ 797,859

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 797,859

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 4—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance	Additions	Retirements	Reclassifying	June 30, 2006 Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets being depreciated:		_	-		A 007.005
Structure and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 207,635 370,536	\$ -	\$ - 	\$ - -	\$ 207,635 370,536
Total capital assets being depreciated	578,171		-	_	578,171
Less accumulated depreciation: Structure and improvements	(19,185)	(6,921)	_	_	(26,106)
Machinery and equipment	(166,438)	(18,504)			(184,942)
Total accumulated depreciation	(185,623)	(25,425)		-	(211,048)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 392,548	\$ (25,425)	\$ -	\$	\$ 367,123
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 329,842 125,635	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ - (125,635)	\$ 329,842
Total capital assets not being depreciated	455,477			(125,635)	329,842
Capital assets being depreciated:				405.005	7.040.000
Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment	6,513,289 362,081	610,464 27,266	-	125,635	7,249,388 389,347
Furniture and fixtures	6,159				6,159
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,881,529	637,730		125,635	7,644,894
Less accumulated depreciation:	(0.400.000)	(4.40, 455)			(2,571,064)
Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment	(2,430,609) (356,911)	(140,455) (2,433)	-	-	(359,344)
Furniture and fixtures	(5,772)	(308)			(6,080)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,793,292)	(143,196)			(2,936,488)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,088,237	494,534	_	125,635	4,708,406
Business-type Activities	Φ A E AΩ 74 A	Ф 404 E04	r	Φ	\$ 5,038,248
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 4,543,714	\$ 494,534	\$ -	\$ -	φ 3,030,240

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	\$ 25,425
Public Ways and Facilities	
Business-type Activities:	 143,196
Water and Sewer	\$ 168,621

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 5—CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

On March 18, 2006, the District entered into an option to purchase contract as a lessee for a new fire truck. Four payments totaled \$186,393 (\$168,575 on principal and \$17,818 on interest) had been paid as of June 30, 2006, and there is no remaining balance on this lease. The last payment \$36,528 in principal and \$2,270 in interest, totaling \$36,798 was paid on December 20, 2005. The effective interest rate for this obligation agreement was 6.22 percent.

NOTE 6—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 7—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 32 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 32, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 32 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined it is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 59,409
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	22,025
Interest	 89
Total current assets	 81,523
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Land	110,822
Depreciable:	
Machinery and equipment	1,409,315
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (927,474)
Total non-current assets	 592,663
Total assets	 674,186
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	19,299
Due to County of Fresno	 62,816
Total liabilities	 82,115
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital	592,663
Unrestricted	 (592)
Total net assets	\$ 592,071

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 164,806
Other operating revenues	 34,742
Total operating revenues	 199,548
Operating expenses:	
Agriculture	48,582
Household expense	19,286
Liability insurance	992
Office expense	23
Postage	532
Professional and specialized services	63,732
Special department expenses	10,505
Utilities	17,328
Depreciation	 52,134
Total operating expenses	 213,114
Operating income (loss)	 (13,566)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	 (1,468)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 (1,468)
Change in net assets	(15,034)
Total net assets - beginning	 607,105
Total net assets - ending	\$ 592,071

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users	\$ 155,474
Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	(172,283) 34,742
Cities operating receipts	 0 1,112
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 17,933
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
Interest paid	(127)
Loan proceeds	 62,816
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	 62,689
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	 (1,557)
Net and manifed the investigation and interest	(4.557)
Net cash provided by investing activities	 (1,557)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	79,065
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	 (19,656)
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 59,409
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (13,566)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	52,134
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(9,332)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments	 (11,303) 31,499
rotal adjustinents	 31,438
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 17,933

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

County Service Area No. 32, (District), is as a political subdivision of the State of California generally referred to as a "special district." The function of the District is to provide water, sewer, garbage collection, street lighting and recreational facilities for the community of Cantua Creek, a farm labor housing development. The subdivision is located at Clarkson Avenue, west of San Mateo Avenue in Cantua Creek. Maintenance is provided by contract with the California Water Services. Lighting is provided by contract with PG&E. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District was formed in 1981 under the provision of the Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq. and is governed by the County of Fresno Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno (County).

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District's ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District did record \$74 in bad debts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$19,299 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Property Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Water System	25 Years
Sewer System	25 Years
Telemetry System	15 Years
Water Tank	30 Years
Water Treatment Plant	25 Years
Standby Well	30 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority form the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposit with the County of Fresno Treasurer \$59,409

Total cash and cash equivalents \$59,409

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents \$59,409

Total cash and cash equivalents \$59,409

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2007 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 110,822 110,822	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 110,822 110,822
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	1,409,315 1,409,315			1,409,315 1,409,315
Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Total depreciation	(875,340) (875,340)	(52,134) (52,134)	<u>-</u>	(927,474) (927,474)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 644,797	<u>\$ (52,134)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 592,663

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 32 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 32, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 32 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined it is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Accounts receivable	<u>\$ 12,693</u>
Total current assets	12,693
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Land	110,822
Depreciable:	
Machinery and equipment	1,409,315
Less: accumulated depreciation	(875,340)
Total non-current assets	644,797
Total assets	657,490
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	30,602
Due to County of Fresno	19,656
Interest payable	127
Total liabilities	50,385
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital	644,797
Unrestricted	(37,692)
Total net assets	\$ 607,105

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 97,720
Other operating revenues	2,766
Total operating revenues	100,486
Operating expenses:	
Agriculture	5,231
Household expense	6,365
Liability insurance	687
Maintenance - buildings and grounds	16,901
Office expense	46
Postage	575
Professional and specialized services	49,405
Special department expenses	11,562
Utilities	42,703
Depreciation	51,602
Total operating expenses	185,077
Operating income (loss)	(84,591)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	(005)
Interest expense	(335)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(335)
Income (loss) before contributions	(84,926)
Developer contributions	64,376
Change in net assets	(20,550)
Total net assets - beginning	627,655
Total net assets - ending	\$ 607,105

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$	95,346 (112,158) 2,766
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(14,046)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Interest paid		(208)
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities		(208)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(14,254)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		14,254
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	<u>-</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(84,591)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in due to County of Fresno Total adjustments		51,602 (2,374) 297 1,364 19,656 70,545
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(14,046)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital assets contributed by developers	\$	64,376

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

County Service Area No. 32, (District), is as a political subdivision of the State of California generally referred to as a "special district." The function of the District is to provide water, sewer, garbage collection, street lighting and recreational facilities for the community of Cantua Creek, a farm labor housing development. The subdivision is located at Clarkson Avenue, west of San Mateo Avenue in Cantua Creek. Maintenance is provided by contract with the California Water Services. Lighting is provided by contract with PG&E. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District was formed in 1981 under the provision of the Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq. and is governed by the County of Fresno Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno (County).

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District's ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District did not record any expenses for bad debts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$30,602 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Property Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Water System	25 Years
Sewer System	25 Years
Telemetry System	15 Years
Water Tank	30 Years
Water Treatment Plant	25 Years
Standby Well	30 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority form the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan — County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 2— DUE TO COUNTY OF FRESNO

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. As of June 30, 2006, the District was overdrawn \$19,656 from County of Fresno cash pool.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3— CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 110,822 110,822	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 110,822 110,822
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	1,344,938 1,344,938	64,376 64,376		1,409,314 1,409,314
Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Total depreciation	(823,737) (823,737)	(51,602) (51,602)		(875,339) (875,339)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 632,023	\$ 12,774	<u>\$</u>	\$ 644,797

NOTE 4— RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5— COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 33 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 33, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 33 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ 60,634 737 \$ 61,371	\$ - - -	\$ 60,634 737 61,371
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 2,193 2,193	<u> </u>	2,193 2,193
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund balance: Unreserved Total fund balance	59,178 59,178	(59,178) (59,178)	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 61,371		
Net assets: Unrestricted Total net assets		59,178 \$ 59,178	59,178 \$ 59,178

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Expenditures/Expenses			
Public ways and facilities	\$ 17,019	\$ -	\$ 17,019
Total expenditures/expenses	17,019		17,019
Revenues			
Program revenue:			
Charges for services	6,666		6,666
Total program revenue	6,666	<u> </u>	6,666
Net program expense			(10,353)
General revenue:			
Property taxes	12,909	-	12,909
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,646	-	2,646
Miscellaneous	189	-	189
Total general revenues	15,744		15,744
Excess of expenditures over revenues	5,391	(5,391)	
Change in net assets	-	5,391	5,391
Fund balance/net assets:			
Beginning of the year	53,787		53,787
End of the year	\$ 59,178	\$ -	\$ 59,178

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	\$	30,893	\$	30,893	\$	54,282	\$	23,389
Resources (inflows): Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for current services Amounts available for appropriation Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Public ways and facilities:		7,800 1,000 - 6,688 15,488		7,800 1,000 - 6,688 15,488		12,909 2,443 190 6,666 22,208		5,109 1,443 190 (22) 6,720
Services and supplies Contingencies Total charges to appropriations		21,249 2,125 23,374		21,249 2,125 23,374		16,724 - 16,724		4,525 2,125 6,650
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	\$	23,007	\$	23,007	\$	59,766	\$	36,759
Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures:								
Sources/inflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule not including fund balance Differences - budget to GAAP					\$	22,208		
Modified accrual basis of accounting to budo Total revenues as reported on the statement expenditures and change in fund balance		•		inting			\$	202
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charger from the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to budgets."							\$	16,724 295
Total expenditures as reported on the statem expenditures and change in fund balance		•		<u>-</u>			\$	17,019

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 33, a special district (District) is a revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1981 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board). The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno. The District was originally formed to provide street lighting for the Malaga Community. Since then, the McNeill-Fresno Industrial Park and the adjacent area, referred to as the Shapazian-McNeill Annexation, were annexed into the District. Street lighting is provided throughout the District while the Shapazian-McNeill Annexation receives both street lighting and landscape maintenance. The District contains 176 single family residences, 4 industrial parcels, and 27 undeveloped parcels. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. Street lighting is provided by Pacific Gas & Electric. Water service is provided by the Malaga County Water District. The District contracts with an outside vendor to furnish all the labor and materials required for the performance of landscape maintenance. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary accounting services to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 33.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Continued)

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$ 60,634

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 60,634

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 60,634

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 60,634

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 33 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 33, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 33 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ 55,101 534 \$ 55,635	\$ - - -	\$ 55,101 534 55,635		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 1,848 1,848	-	1,848 1,848		
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund Balance: Unreserved Total fund balance	53,787 53,787	(53,787) (53,787)			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 55,635				
Net Assets: Unrestricted Total net assets		53,787 \$ 53,787	53,787 \$ 53,787		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Activities		
Expenditures/Expenses					
Public ways and facilities	\$ 16,255	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 16,255		
Total expenditures/expenses	16,255		16,255		
Revenues					
Program revenue:					
Charges for services	6,666	-	6,666		
Total program revenue	6,666		6,666		
Net program expense			(9,589)		
General revenue:					
Property taxes	11,302	-	11,302		
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,833	_	1,833		
Miscellaneous	206		206		
Total general revenues	13,341		13,341		
Excess of expenditures over revenues	3,752	(3,752)	<u></u>		
Change in net assets	-	3,752	3,752		
Fund balance/net assets: Beginning of the year	50,035		50,035		
End of the year	\$ 53,787	\$	\$ 53,787		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	\$	39,537	\$	39,537	\$	49,833	\$	10,296
Resources (inflows): Taxes Use of money and property Intergovernmental revenues Charges for current services Amounts available for appropriation		6,925 953 - 6,688 14,566		6,925 953 - 6,688 14,566		11,300 1,523 207 6,666 19,696		4,375 570 207 (22) 5,130
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Public ways and facilities: Services and supplies Contingencies Total charges to appropriations		21,100 2,110 23,210		21,100 2,110 23,210		15,247 - 15,247		5,853 2,110 7,963
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	\$	30,893	\$	30,893	\$	54,282	\$	23,389
Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures: Sources/inflows of resources:								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available the budgetary comparison schedule not incl							\$	19,696
Differences - budget to GAAP Modified accrual basis of accounting to budgetary basis of accounting						311		
Total revenues as reported on the statement expenditures and change in fund balance	of re	evenues ai	nd				\$	20,007
Uses/outflows of resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charger from the budgetary comparison schedule Differences - budget to GAAP							\$	15,247
Modified accrual basis of accounting to bud	_	-						1,008
Total expenditures as reported on the statem expenditures and change in fund balance	ent	orrevenue	:5 al	iu			\$	16,255

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 33, a special district (District) is a revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1981 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors (Board). The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno. The District was originally formed to provide street lighting for the Malaga Community. Since then, the McNeill-Fresno Industrial Park and the adjacent area, referred to as the Shapazian-McNeill Annexation, were annexed into the District. Street lighting is provided throughout the District while the Shapazian-McNeill Annexation receives both street lighting and landscape maintenance. The District contains 176 single family residences, 4 industrial parcels, and 27 undeveloped parcels. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. Street lighting is provided by Pacific Gas & Electric. Water service is provided by the Malaga County Water District. The District contracts with an outside vendor to furnish all the labor and materials required for the performance of landscape maintenance. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary accounting services to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 33.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

3. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

3. Property Taxes (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u> (Continued)

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer

\$ 55,101

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 55,101

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$ 55,101

Total cash and cash equivalents

<u>\$ 55,101</u>

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 34 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 34 of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 34 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California

Price Page & Company

April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 406,255
Receivables:	
Interest	5,020
Total current assets	411,275
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Buildings and improvements	4,585,010
Machinery and equipment	48,115
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,070,152)
Total non-current assets	3,562,973
Total assets	3,974,248
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	118,499
Total liabilities	118,499
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	3,562,973
Unrestricted	292,776
Total net assets	\$ 3,855,749

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 3,273
Other operating revenues	356,672
Total operating revenue	359,945
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	2,505
Professional services	160,753
Special department	2,677
General and administrative	178,999
Repairs and maintenance	85,648
Utilities	80,601
Depreciation	186,096
Total operating expenses	697,279
Operating income (loss)	(337,334)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	18,432
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	18,432
Change in net assets	(318,902)
Net assets - beginning	4,174,651
Net assets - ending	\$ 3,855,749

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$	4,199 (419,195) 356,672
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(58,324)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		<u> 17,545</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		17,545
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(40,779)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		447,034
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	406,255
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(337,334)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		186,096
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		926 91,988
Total adjustments	_	279,010
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(58,324)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 34, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1986 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The function of the District is to provide a full range of extended governmental services for the community of Millerton New Town. The area contains 1,018 acres and is located one and one-half miles east of the Friant Community, along both sides of Millerton Road. The proposed community will eventually contain 3,500 residences plus associated commercial and public facilities. The District is currently being divided into two zones: County Service Area No. 34 (Original Zone) and County Service Area Zone "A" (Zone "A").

Water services in the Original Zone are currently being provided by water reservations entered into prior to the current reporting period. Upon future growth of the District and expiration of the water reservations, the District will provide community water to its members.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

In 1989, the District's Zone "A" was formed to provide community services for the developing property known as Brighton Crest. Zone "A", lying on the east side of Millerton Road, was formed to provide water, sewer, road maintenance and street lighting services to the residents of the community. Zone "A" consists of 442 acres, including a golf course, 151 single-family lots of which approximately 42 have constructed homes, and some undeveloped land.

The County Board of Supervisors formed Zone "B" of the District on October 26, 2004. Zone "B" was established for the maintenance and operation of infrastructure for municipal water services to the Ventana Hills Estates subdivision. The Zone benefits approximately 90 lots located on the north side of Auberry Road. All costs associated with the operation, maintenance, and County staff costs will be paid by the benefiting properties.

The County Board of Supervisors formed on September 14, 2004. Zone "C" was established to provide road maintenance, street light maintenance and water services to the south of Millerton Road, approximately two miles east of Friant Road. The Zone benefits approximately 161 lots. All costs associated with the operation, maintenance, and County staff costs will be paid by the benefiting properties.

The combined District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Property Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Equipment	5 Years
Service vehicle	5 Years
Land improvements	15 Years
Generator	20 Years
Water treatment plant	40 Years

3. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 — CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$406,255

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$406,255

Total cash and cash equivalents \$406,255

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 — CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006 Balance	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2007 Balance
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assest being depreciated	\$ 4,585,010 48,115 4,633,125	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 4,585,010 48,115 4,633,125
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(851,281) (32,775) (884,056)	(184,950) (1,146) (186,096)		(1,036,231) (33,921) (1,070,152)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,749,069	<u>\$ (186,096)</u>	\$ -	\$ 3,562,973

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4 — RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 34 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 34 of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 34 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Accounts	\$ 447,034 926
Interest	4,134
Total current assets	452,094
Non-current assets: Capital assets: Buildings and improvements	4,585,010
Machinery and equipment	48,115
Less: accumulated depreciation	(884,056)
Total non-current assets	3,749,069
Total assets	4,201,163
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	26,511
Total liabilities	26,511
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	3,749,069
Unrestricted	425,583
Total net assets	<u>\$ 4,174,652</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 2,590
Other operating revenues	449,317
Total operating revenue	451,907
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	2,767
Professional services	158,751
Special department	1,287
General and administrative	89,536
Repairs and Maintenance	56,000
Utilities	57,072
Depreciation	186,096
Total operating expenses	551,509
Operating income (loss)	(99,602)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	44.400
Investment earnings	11,409
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	11,409
Change in net assets	(88,193)
Net assets - beginning	4,262,845
Net assets - ending	<u>\$ 4,174,652</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers Other operating receipts	\$	1,833 (392,348) 449,317
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		58,802
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		9,765
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	9,765
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		68,567
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		378,467
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	447,034
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(99,602)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increse) decrease in prepaid insurance Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments	_	186,096 (757) 1,087 (28,022) 158,404
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	58,802

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 34, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed in 1986 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The function of the District is to provide a full range of extended governmental services for the community of Millerton New Town. The area contains 1,018 acres and is located one and one-half miles east of the Friant Community, along both sides of Millerton Road. The proposed community will eventually contain 3,500 residences plus associated commercial and public facilities. The District is currently being divided into two zones: County Service Area No. 34 (Original Zone) and County Service Area Zone "A" (Zone "A").

Water services in the Original Zone are currently being provided by water reservations entered into prior to the current reporting period. Upon future growth of the District and expiration of the water reservations, the District will provide community water to its members.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

In 1989, the District's Zone "A" was formed to provide community services for the developing property known as Brighton Crest. Zone "A", lying on the east side of Millerton Road, was formed to provide water, sewer, road maintenance and street lighting services to the residents of the community. Zone "A" consists of 442 acres, including a golf course, 151 single-family lots of which approximately 42 have constructed homes, and some undeveloped land.

The County Board of Supervisors formed Zone "B" of the District on October 26, 2004. Zone "B" was established for the maintenance and operation of infrastructure for municipal water services to the Ventana Hills Estates subdivision. The Zone benefits approximately 90 lots located on the north side of Auberry Road. All costs associated with the operation, maintenance, and County staff costs will be paid by the benefiting properties.

The County Board of Supervisors formed on September 14, 2004. Zone "C" was established to provide road maintenance, street light maintenance and water services to the south of Millerton Road, approximately two miles east of Friant Road. The Zone benefits approximately 161 lots. All costs associated with the operation, maintenance, and County staff costs will be paid by the benefiting properties.

The combined District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Property Type	<u>Useful Life</u>
Equipment	5 Years
Service vehicle	5 Years
Land improvements	15 Years
Generator	20 Years
Water treatment plant	40 Years

3. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 3— CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer

\$ 447,034

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 447,034

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 447,034

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 447,034

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 4— CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2006 Balance
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total capital assest being depreciated	\$4,585,010 48,115 4,633,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,585,010 48,115 4,633,125
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(666,332) (31,628) (697,960)	(184,950) (1,146) (186,096)	- - -	(851,282) (32,774) (884,056)
Capital Assets, Net	\$3,935,165	<u>\$ (186,096</u>)	\$	\$ 3,749,069

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 5—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 6—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 35 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 35, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 35 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ 2,149,019 26,528 \$ 2,175,547	\$ - - -	\$ 2,149,019 26,528 2,175,547		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 49,429 49,429		49,429 49,429		
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund balance: Unreserved Total fund balance	2,126,118 2,126,118	(2,126,118) (2,126,118)	<u>-</u>		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,175,547				
Net assets: Unrestricted Total net assets		2,126,118 \$ 2,126,118	2,126,118 \$ 2,126,118		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Fund Adjustments		Statement of Activities
Expenditures/Expenses Public ways and facilities	\$ 349,548	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 349,548
Total expenditures/expenses	349,548		349,548
Revenues Program revenue:			
Charges for services	578,843	<u>-</u>	578,843
Total program revenue	578,843		578,843
Net program expense			229,295
General revenue:			
Unrestricted investment earnings	93,292	-	93,292
Miscellaneous	96		96
Total general revenues	93,388		93,388
Excess of revenues over expenditures	322,683	(322,683)	
Change in net assets	-	322,683	322,683
Fund balance/net assets: Beginning of the year	1,803,435		1,803,435
End of the year	\$ 2,126,118	\$ -	\$ 2,126,118

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULEFor the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	 Original Budget	Final Budget				Actual Amount	F	ariance with inal Budget tive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2006	\$ (816,643)	\$	(721,643)	\$ 1,837,718	\$	2,559,361		
Resources (inflows):	00.455		00.455	04.440		50.004		
Use of money and property	32,155		32,155	84,446		52,291		
Charges for current services Property Taxes	577,460 425		577,460 425	578,843		1,383		
Intergovernmental revenues	425		425	96		(425) 96		
_	 610,040		610,040					
Amounts available from appropriation	 610,040		610,040	663,385		53,345		
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Road Maintenance - Service and Supplies: Zone								
A	49,719		49,719	5,200		44,519		
В	74,539		74,539	45,216		29,323		
С	26,081		26,081	1,620		24,461		
D	11,774		11,774	867		10,907		
E	26,959		26,959	24,508		2,451		
F	40,691		40,691	6,804		33,887		
G	47,114		47,114	6,272		40,842		
H	4,936		4,936	255		4,681		
I .	43,098		43,098	2,409		40,689		
J	11,359		11,359	658		10,701		
K	14,025		14,025	723		13,302		
L	4,348		4,348	3,691		657		
M	10,073		10,073	763		9,310		
N	8,402		8,102	3,561		4,541		
0	81,072		81,072	49,295		31,777		
P	7,542		7,542	5,380		2,162		
S	46,658		46,658	4,009		42,649		
Ţ	5,122		5,122	610		4,512		
U V	50,011		50,011	2,563		47,448		
	50,369 6,266		50,369	16,042 365		34,327 5,901		
X Z	52,970		6,266 52,970	3,789		49,181		
AA	24,352		24,352	1,197		23,155		
AB	6,455		6,455	324		6,131		
AC	38,119		38,119	1,878		36,241		
AD	20,791		20,791	1,025		19,766		
AE	15,829		15,829	776		15,053		
AF	23,058		23,058	1,182		21,876		
AG	63,074		73,074	66,438		6,636		
AH	20,761		20,761	897		19,864		
AI	7,424		7,424	383		7,041		
AJ	8,186		8,186	410		7,776		
AK	11,797		11,797	4,882		6,915		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULEFor the Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Budget	Budget	Amount	Positive (Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Road Maintenance - Service and Supplies (continued):			
Zone	continued).			
AM	10,771	10,771	544	10,227
AN	11,379	11,379	567	10,812
AO	23,785	23,785	1,181	22,604
AP	7,707	7,707	400	7,307
AQ	14,467	14,467	719	13,748
AR	18,015	18,015	1,016	16,999
AT	66,072	66,072	17,689	48,383
AU	31,430	31,430	1,539	29,891
AV	10,839	10,839	540	10,299
AX	7,153	7,153	357	6,796
AY	12,620	12,620	617	12,003
AZ	4,156	4,156	204	3,952
BA	24,853	24,853	1,216	23,637
BB	14,082	14,082	3,257	10,825
BC	4,489	4,489	227	4,262
BD	12,494	12,494	612	11,882
BG	18,339	18,339	7,955	10,384
BH	7,912	7,912	386	7,526
BI	28,508	28,508	1,395	27,113
BJ	20,940	20,940	1,284	19,656
BL	7,142	7,142	291	6,851
BM	7,488	7,488	374	7,114
BN	2,398	2,398	116	2,282
BO	4,958	4,958	191	4,767
BQ BR	11,614	11,614	577 405	11,037
BS	5,827	5,827	405 507	5,422
BU	4,916 4,095	4,916 4,095	202	4,409 3,893
BW	4,093 4,261	4,093 4,261	218	4,043
BX	4,343	4,343	218	4,043 4,125
BY	3,241	3,241	168	3,073
CA	1,649	1,649	59	1,590
CB	1,295	1,295	56	1,239
CC	8,288	8,288	324	7,964
CD	22,703	22,703	18,774	3,929
CE	2,015	2,015	77	1,938
CF	1,929	1,929	76	1,853
Total charges to appropriation	1,361,147	1,370,847	328,330	1,042,517
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2007	<u>\$ (1,567,750</u>)	<u>\$ (1,482,450)</u>	\$ 2,172,773	\$ 3,655,223

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures:

Sources/Inflows of Resources:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available from appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	663,385
Differences - Budget to GAAP Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis adjustment		8,846
Total revenues as reported on the combining statement of revenues and expenditures, and changes in fund balance - nonmajor special revenue funds	<u>\$</u>	672,231
Uses/Outflows of Resources:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available from appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	328,330
Differences - Budget to GAAP		24 240
Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis adjustment		21,218
Total expenditures as reported on the combining statement of revenues and expenditures, and changes in fund balance - nonmajor special revenue funds	\$	349,548

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 35, a special district (District), is a special revenue fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The District was formed under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is comprised of seventy active independent zones located throughout the County of Fresno. The District is governed by the County of Fresno Board of Supervisors (Board). The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno. The District is dynamic in that new zones are added and old zones deleted, as warranted and with approval of the Board. The function of the District is to provide road maintenance in each zone. The cost of road maintenance is generally only shared equally among the property owners on a per parcel basis of each of the District's independent zone. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

During the current fiscal year, three other zones that were inactive as of last audit period, "CD", "CE", and "CF," became active during the current fiscal year period. As a result, the District reported a total of seventy active zones.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the District's activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within sixty days thereafter. A one-year availability period is used for all other revenues. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 35.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$49,429 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and maintenance expenses.

3. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2007.

B. Excess in Expenditures Over Appropriations

The District did not incur any expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$2,149,019

Total cash and cash equivalents \$2,149,019

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$2,149,019

Total cash and cash equivalents \$2,149,019

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 35 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 35, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the major Special Revenue Fund, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 35 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price Parge & Company

Price, Paige & Company Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Total assets	\$ 1,821,714 17,682 \$ 1,839,396	\$ - 	\$ 1,821,714 17,682 1,839,396
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 35,961 35,961	-	35,961 35,961
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund balance: Unreserved Total fund balance	1,803,435 1,803,435	(1,803,435) (1,803,435)	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,839,396		
Net Assets: Unrestricted Total net assets		1,803,435 \$ 1,803,435	1,803,435 \$ 1,803,435

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	rnmental Fund	Adju	stments		atement Activities
Expenditures/Expenses		_			
Public ways and facilities	\$ 423,797	\$	_	\$	423,797
Total expenditures/expenses	 423,797				423,797
Revenues					
Program revenue:					
Charges for services	 531,271				531,271
Total program revenue	 531,271			************	531,271
Net program expense					107,474
General revenue:					
Unrestricted investment earnings	 55,236		_		55,236
Total general revenues	 55,236		<u>-</u>		55,236
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 162,710		(162,710)		-
Change in net assets	-		162,710		162,710
Fund balance/net assets:					
Beginning of the year	 1,640,725		_		1,640,725
End of the year	\$ 1,803,435	\$	_	\$	1,803,435

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1, 2005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,671,356	\$ 1,671,356
Resources (inflows):				
Use of money and property	28,990	28,990	48,751	19,761
Charges for current services	545,431	545,431	531,271	(14,160)
Amounts available from appropriation	574,421	574,421	580,022	5,601
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Road Maintenance - Service and Supplies:				
Zone	54,746	54,746	31,718	23,028
А В	69,612	119,612	78,259	41,353
C	24,386	24,386	6,768	17,618
D	8,864	8,864	2,273	6,591
E	23,927	23,927	2,475	21,452
F	47,011	47,011	21,769	25,242
G	58,227	58,227	34,532	23,695
H	4,637	4,637	611	4,026
1	38,915	38,915	3,200	35,715
J	11,803	11,803	3,694	8,109
K	14,098	14,098	1,709	12,389
L	4,052	4,052	776	3,276
M	8,500	8,500	984	7,516
N	7,832	7,832	1,300	6,532
Ο	87,303	87,303	69,769	17,534
Р	7,033	7,033	800	6,233
R	-	-	3,248	(3,248)
S	40,016	40,016	4,232	35,784
Т	4,243	4,243	1,023	3,220
U	47,051	47,051	3,117	43,934
V	47,810	47,810	25,388	22,422
X	4,706	4,706	703	4,003
Z	28,727	28,727	2,257	26,470
AA	23,166	23,166	1,818	21,348 5,003
AB	50,608	5,608 36,128	605 2,559	33,569
AC	36,128	30,120 19,470	1,494	17,976
AD	119,470	12,981	1,423	11,558
AE AE	12,981 22,238	22,238	2,712	19,526
AF	52,250	52,953	36,116	16,837
AG	18,174	18,174	2,432	15,742
AH	6,657	6,657	1,100	5,557
Al				6,561
AJ	7,568	7,568	1,007	6,450
AK	12,961	12,961	6,511	0,430

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Road Maintenance - Service and Supplies (co	ontinued):			
Zone				
AL	5,020	5,020	1,491	3,529
AM	10,173	10,173	1,036	9,137
AN	10,723	10,723	1,040	9,683
AO	22,476	22,476	1,871	20,605
AP	7,470	7,470	805	6,665
AQ	13,860	13,860	1,210	12,650
AR	15,599	15,599	1,404	14,195
AT	52,250	52,250	16,164	36,086
AU	29,494	29,494	2,212	27,282
AV	9,693	9,693	971	8,722
AW	-	-	_	-,
AX	6,731	6,731	816	5,915
AY	11,558	11,558	1,131	10,427
AZ	3,330	3,330	553	2,777
BA	22,123	22,123	2,010	20,113
BB	13,009	13,009	1,318	11,691
BC	3,925	3,925	619	3,306
BD	11,358	11,358	1,024	10,334
BG	20,860	20,860	7,915	12,945
BH	13,005	6,281	882	5,399
BI	26,335	26,335	2,107	24,228
BJ	18,208	18,208	1,456	16,752
BK	· <u>-</u>	1,909	856	1,053
BL	2,322	2,322	246	2,076
ВМ	6,831	6,831	796	6,035
BN	· <u>-</u>	1,521	196	1,325
ВО	2,484	2,484	50	2,434
BQ	9,779	9,779	1,646	8,133
BR	5,434	5,434	723	4,711
BS	4,417	4,417	661	3,756
BU	4,502	3,312	527	2,785
BW	1,521	3,412	470	2,942
ВХ	-	3,383	459	2,924
ВҮ	3,383	2,593	363	2,230
CA	821	821	50	771
СВ	639	639	25	614
CC	4,087	4,087	50	4,037
CD	9,302	9,302	100	9,202
CE	994	994	25	969
CF	945	945		945
Total charges to appropriation	1,391,064	1,296,064	413,660	882,404
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	\$ (816,643)	\$ (721,643)	\$ 1,837,718	\$ 2,559,361

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures:

Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available from appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	580,022
Differences - Budget to GAAP Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis adjustment		(156,225)
Total expenditures as reported on the combining statement of revenues and expenditures, and changes in fund balance - nonmajor special revenue funds	\$	423,797
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available from appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$	413,660
Differences - Budget to GAAP Budgetary basis to modified accrual basis adjustment		172,847
Total expenditures as reported on the combining statement of revenues and expenditures, and changes in fund balance - nonmajor special revenue funds	<u>\$</u>	586,507

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

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During the current fiscal year, three other zones that were inactive as of last audit period, "CD", "CE", and "CF," became active during the current fiscal year period. As a result, the District reported a total of seventy active zones.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

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Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

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Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provides a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* accounts for special revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose. The special revenue fund is the primary operating fund of County Service Area No. 35.

The District adopts annual appropriated budgets for its Special Revenue Fund which is a major fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the Districts based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$35,961 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and maintenance expenses.

3. Equity

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use in special purposes. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted — This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29143 of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and legally adopts a final balanced budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Until the adoption of this final balanced budget, appropriations are based on the budget of the preceding year as allowed per Government Code 29124. The final adopted budget is available for review in the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office.

An operating balanced budget is adopted for each fiscal year for the District on the same modified accrual basis, including encumbrances, to reflect estimated revenues and expenditures. Public hearings are conducted on the proposed budget to review all appropriations and the source of financing. Because the final budget must be balanced, any shortfall in revenue requires an equal reduction in appropriations.

Budgetary control is exercised at the object level, except for fixed assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. All amendments and any expenditures that exceed appropriations must be authorized and approved by the Board.

Encumbrances, which are commitments related to executory contracts for goods or services, are recorded for budgetary control purposes in governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is used to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as reservations of fund balance for subsequent year expenditures. The District did not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2006.

B. Excess in Expenditures over Appropriations

The District incurred expenditures in excess of appropriation in the following amounts for the fiscal year June 30, 2006:

Road maintenance – service and supplies: Zone R

\$ 3,248

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer

\$ 1,821,714

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 1,821,714

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$ 1,821,714

Total cash and cash equivalents

\$ 1,821,714

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 38 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 38 of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 38 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 299,951
Interest receivable	3,729
Total current assets	303,680
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable:	
Buildings and improvements	409,986
Less: accumulated depreciation	(8,200)
Total noncurrent assets	401,786
Total assets	705,466
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	892
Total liabilities	892
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	401,786
Unrestricted	302,788
Total net assets	\$ 704,574

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 18,971
Total operating revenues	 18,971
Operating expenses:	
Office expense	211
Professional and specialized services	2,909
Depreciation	 8,200
Total operating expenses	 11,320
Operating income (loss)	 7,651
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	14,928
Developer contributions	 301,257
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 316,185
Change in net assets	323,836
Net assets - beginning	 380,738
Net assets - ending	\$ 704,574

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from users	\$	18,971
Cash paid to suppliers		(20,876)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(1,905)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets		(51,955)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(51,955)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest on investments		14,529
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		14,529
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(39,331)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		339,282
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	299,951
	-	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	<u> </u>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	7,651
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation		8,200
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		8,200 (17,756)
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation		8,200
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		8,200 (17,756)
Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments	\$	8,200 (17,756) (9,556)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 38, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide a potable water system in the unincorporated areas of the County of Fresno, east of the City of Dos Palos. The Water Quality Improvement Joint Powers Authority (JPA) prepares and administers a budget for the general operation and maintenance of this water system. The rates charged by the District fund the services contracted for by the JPA.

Prior to July 1993, the City of Dos Palos was responsible for providing the District with secretarial staff, backflow device inspection, revenue account maintenance, and related support services on a cost reimbursement basis. On July 1, 1993, the City of Dos Palos notified the JPA that it would no longer provide the above services. The Citizens' Advisory Councils of the District requested the District to provide the necessary services. These services are funded by cash transfers (of unallocated revenues collected by the JPA) to the District.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1993 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$892 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

5. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$299,951

Total cash and cash equivalents \$299,951

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 299,951

Total cash and cash equivalents \$299,951

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006 Balance	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2007 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 56,774	\$ -	\$ 56,774	\$ -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>56,774</u>		56,774	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Total capital assets being depreciated		409,986 409,986		409,986 409,986
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and Improvements Total depreciation	<u>:</u>	(8,200) (8,200)		(8,200) (8,200)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 56,774	\$ 401,786	\$ 56,774	\$ 401,786

NOTE 4 – JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT (JPA)

The District has entered into a joint agreement with the County of Fresno and the City of Dos Palos to establish a common water supply and delivery system to be known as the "Dos Palos Area Water Quality Improvement System," to upgrade water quality in the geographic area with the boundaries of the entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4 – JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT (JPA) (Continued)

The JPA assumes responsibility for the acquisition and ownership of assets, repayment of debt, operating revenue and expenses. The JPA may either perform services itself or contract the work to another entity.

The JPA is funded through the receipt of funds from the Farmers Home Association Grant and service fees paid by the users of the system provided. The grant award was contingent on the JPA setting up a county service area (No. 38).

Currently, the County of Fresno maintains District reserve accounts, provides for annual backflow device inspection, secretarial services and related support services, and prepares the budget for presentation to the Board of Supervisors on a cost reimbursement basis. The City of Dos Palos prepares the monthly billings, monitors accounts receivable and accounts payable as requested by the JPA. On a regular basis the JPA distributes revenue to the District for services rendered or to be rendered, from unallocated revenues collected by the JPA.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 6 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On December 4, 2007, the County of Fresno Board of Supervisors authorized the District's remaining funds be transferred from the County of Fresno to the County of Merced as a result of a board-approved ordinance boundary change. The District was in the area subject to the boundary change and all of the District's funds were to be completely transferred to the County of Merced by January 31, 2008, however as of the report date, the transfer of funds was not completed due to County of Merced Counsel desire to close out the JPA agreement. This process is not complete yet as Merced and Fresno County Counsels are still negotiating the agreement.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 38 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 38 of County of Fresno, California, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 38 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Prue Page & Company

Clovis, California May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 339,281
Interest receivable	3,331
Total current assets	342,612
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Construction in progress	56,774
Total noncurrent assets	56,774
Total assets	399,386
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	<u>18,648</u>
Total liabilities	18,648
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	56,774
Unrestricted	323,964
Total net assets	\$ 380,738

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues: Charges for services Total operating revenues	\$ 20,978 20,978
Operating expenses: Maintenance - building and grounds Office expense Professional and specialized services Total operating expenses	1,050 846 5,977 7,873
Operating income (loss)	13,105
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	10,709 10,709
Change in net assets	23,814
Net assets - beginning	356,924
Net assets - ending	\$ 380,738

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 21,788 10,776
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	32,564
Cash flows from non-capital and related	
financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets	(16,995)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(16,995)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	9,517
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	9,517
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	25,086
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	314,195
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 339,281
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 13,105
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	810 18,649
Total adjustments	19,459
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 32,564

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 38, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. The function of the District is to provide a potable water system in the unincorporated areas of the County of Fresno, east of the City of Dos Palos. The Water Quality Improvement Joint Powers Authority (JPA) prepares and administers a budget for the general operation and maintenance of this water system. The rates charged by the District fund the services contracted for by the JPA.

Prior to July 1993, the City of Dos Palos was responsible for providing the District with secretarial staff, backflow device inspection, revenue account maintenance, and related support services on a cost reimbursement basis. On July 1, 1993, the City of Dos Palos notified the JPA that it would no longer provide the above services. The Citizens' Advisory Councils of the District requested the District to provide the necessary services. These services are funded by cash transfers (of unallocated revenues collected by the JPA) to the District.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1993 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department of Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance and accounting to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$18,648 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

4. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt — This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted — This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

5. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

5. **Property Taxes** (Continued)

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$339,281

Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 339,281

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 339,281

Total cash and cash equivalents \$339,281

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2006 Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 39,779 39,779	\$ 16,995 16,995	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 56,774 56,774
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 39,779	\$ 16,995	\$ -	\$ 56,774

NOTE 4 – JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT (JPA)

The District has entered into a joint agreement with the County of Fresno and the City of Dos Palos to establish a common water supply and delivery system to be known as the "Dos Palos Area Water Quality Improvement System," to upgrade water quality in the geographic area with the boundaries of the entities.

The JPA assumes responsibility for the acquisition and ownership of assets, repayment of debt, operating revenue and expenses. The JPA may either perform services itself or contract the work to another entity.

The JPA is funded through the receipt of funds from the Farmers Home Association Grant and service fees paid by the users of the system provided. The grant award was contingent on the JPA setting up a county service area (No. 38).

Currently, the County of Fresno maintains District reserve accounts, provides for annual backflow device inspection, secretarial services and related support services, and prepares the budget for presentation to the Board of Supervisors on a cost reimbursement basis. The City of Dos Palos prepares the monthly billings, monitors accounts receivable and accounts payable as requested by the JPA. On a regular basis the JPA distributes revenue to the District for services rendered or to be rendered, from unallocated revenues collected by the JPA.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 6 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 39 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 39, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 39 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Price Page & Company

Clovis, California April 17, 2008

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,239
Receivables:	
Accounts	13,571
Interest	 455
Total current assets	 53,265
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Machinery and equipment	1,115,384
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (808,653)
Total noncurrent assets	 306,731
Total assets	 359,996
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	 7,914
Total liabilities	 7,914
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	306,731
Unrestricted	 45,351
Total net assets	\$ 352,082

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 70,082
Total operating revenues	70,082
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	1,159
General and administrative	1,308
Professional services	21,284
Repairs and maintenance	3,262
Special departmental expenses	2,731
Utilities	23,457
Depreciation	55,769
Total operating expenses	108,970
Operating income (loss)	(38,888)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	1,463
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,463
Change in net assets	(37,425)
Net assets - beginning	389,507
Net assets - ending	\$ 352,082

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers	\$	67,813 (54,239)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		13,574
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments		1,245
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		1,245
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		14,819
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		24,420
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	39,239
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(38,888)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments	_	55,769 (2,269) (1,038) 52,462
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	13,574

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 39, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. County Service Area was formed to provide domestic water service to two residential subdivisions west of the incorporated City of Fresno, near Valentine and Jensen Avenues. The District constructed a pipeline that continues to transfer water, purchased from the City of Fresno, to the residents of the District.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1990 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance, accounting, financial reporting, and auditing to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District recorded a total of \$127 of allowance for uncollectible accounts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$7,914 as of June 30, 2007, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type Useful Life

Machinery and equipment 20 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 1 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets</u> (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 2 — CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer \$39,239

Total cash and cash equivalents \$39,239

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2007, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents \$39,239

Total cash and cash equivalents \$39,239

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2007.

NOTE 3 — CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007, was as follows:

	July 1, 2006			June 30, 2007
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,115,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,115,384
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,115,384			1,115,384
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Machinery and equipment	(752,884)	(55,769)		(808,653)
Total depreciation	(752,884)	(55,769)		(808,653)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 362,500	\$ (55,769)	\$ -	\$ 306,731

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007

NOTE 4 — RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

June 30, 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Fresno 2281 Tulare Street Fresno, California 93721

Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of County Service Area No. 39 (District), a component unit of the County of Fresno, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of County Service Area No. 39, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

County Service Area No. 39 has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Price, Paige & Company

Prue Page & Company

Clovis, California

May 24, 2007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2006

ASSETS Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,420
Receivables:	44.000
Accounts	11,302 237
Interest	
Total current assets	35,959
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Machinery and equipment	1,115,384
Less: accumulated depreciation	(752,884)
Total noncurrent assets	362,500
Total assets	398,459
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	8,952
Total liabilities	8,952
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	362,500
Unrestricted	27,007
Total net assets	\$ 389,507

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues:	¢ 60.544
Charges for services	\$ 60,544
Total operating revenues	60,544
Operating expenses:	
Insurance	1,526
General and administrative	1,443
Professional services	24,810
Repairs and maintenance	6,473
Special departmental expenses	5,084
Utilities	24,174
Depreciation	55,769
Total operating expenses	119,279
Operating income (loss)	(58,735)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment earnings	1,098
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,098
Change in net assets	(57,637)
Net assets - beginning	447,144
Net assets - ending	\$ 389,507

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from users Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 55,857 (62,769)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (6,912)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments	 861
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 861
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(6,051)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	 30,471
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 24,420
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (58,735)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Total adjustments	 55,769 (4,687) 591 150 51,823
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (6,912)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

A. Reporting Entity

County Service Area No. 39, a special district (District), is an enterprise fund of the County of Fresno (County), which is a political subdivision of the State of California. County Service Area was formed to provide domestic water service to two residential subdivisions west of the incorporated City of Fresno, near Valentine and Jensen Avenues. The District constructed a pipeline that continues to transfer water, purchased from the City of Fresno, to the residents of the District.

The District follows the standards promulgated by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, to define the reporting entity. The financial statements include all operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is has not identified any entities which would be component units of the District.

The District was formed in 1990 under the provisions of Government Code Section 25210.1 et. seq., and is governed by the County Board of Supervisors. The District is a component unit of the County of Fresno.

The District itself does not employ any personnel. The Department Public Works and Planning staff provides the necessary services such as maintenance, accounting, financial reporting, and auditing to the District on a reimbursement basis.

B. Basis of Accounting

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standard No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary fund Accounting, all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and authoritative pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989, are applied to proprietary operations unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The District has elected not to apply FASB statements issued subsequent to November 30, 1989.

The District is a proprietary entity; it uses an enterprise fund format to report its activities for financial statement purposes. Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and non-major funds aggregated.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the government body is that the cost and expenses of providing goods or services to its customers be financed or recovered primarily through users charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Enterprise funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The District's cash is considered to be cash held by the County of Fresno. The County of Fresno allocates interest to the District based on the ending cash balances in the County of Fresno Treasury.

2. Accounts Receivable

The "direct write-off" method for accounts receivable was applied for accounts that had been established as uncollectible. As expense was recognized when an account was referred to the Revenue Reimbursement Division of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector and a Discharge of Accountability was received. The "direct write-off" method is not in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, but the result was deemed immaterial to the financial statements as a whole. The District recorded a total of \$1,979 of allowance for uncollectible accounts during the period.

3. Accounts Payable

Certain costs are incurred by the District during the current reporting period but are not paid until after the beginning of the next fiscal period. These costs are reported as payables in the financial statements. The District's current accounts payable balance of \$8,952 as of June 30, 2006, is related to certain contract services and payments for utility fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated or contributed fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation of buildings, plants, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Equipment Type Useful Life

Machinery and equipment 20 Years

5. Net Assets

Net assets are reported in three categories as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition.

Restricted – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted – This amount is all net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net assets."

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (Continued)

6. Property Taxes

The District receives monies for service-type property assessments, which are levied on the properties within the area. Assessments for fees and services are based on the benefit derived by each parcel within the District.

County of Fresno is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all jurisdictions including the school and special districts within the County. The Board levies property taxes as September 1, on property values certified on July 1. Secured property tax payments are due in two equal installments. The first is generally due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10, and the second is generally due on February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes become a lien on the property on January 1. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due upon receipt of the tax bill and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the State Government Codes and Revenue and Taxation Codes. Pursuant to Article CIIIA (known as Proposition 13) of the State of California Constitutions, the County is permitted to levy a maximum tax of 1 percent of full cash value.

Teeter Plan – County of Fresno elected the alternative property tax treatment (Teeter Plan) effective July 1, 1993, whereby the County purchases the current secured unpaid taxes remaining at year-end from participating agencies. In return, the County records tax receivable and receives the delinquent penalties and redemption interest accruing to delinquent collections related to participating agencies. The participating agencies, including special districts and school districts, in turn, receive their full tax distribution with no liability for uncollected taxes to the County. Therefore, for participating agencies, revenue is measurable and available and is recorded in the period the payment of current secured unpaid taxes is received. The District is a participant of the Teeter Plan.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 2—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Summary of Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

Deposits with County of Fresno Treasurer	\$ 24,420
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,420

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2006, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,420
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,420

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. Cash in the County Treasury is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The District does not have any deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2006.

NOTE 3—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	July 1, 2005 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2006 Balance
Capital assets being depreciated: Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,115,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,115,384
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,115,384			1,115,384
Less accumulated depreciation: Machinery and equipment Total depreciation	(697,115) (697,115)	(55,769) (55,769)		(752,884) (752,884)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 418,269	\$ (55,769)	\$	\$ 362,500

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006

NOTE 4—RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District provides coverage for these losses through commercial insurance policies and/or through participation in the County of Fresno's Self-Insurance Program. Refer to County of Fresno CAFR for additional information.

NOTE 5—COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation. In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation, which is likely to have a material adverse affect on the financial position of the District.