

## Breast Self-Awareness

### 1. Know your risk

- Talk to your family** to learn about your family health history
- Talk to your doctor** about your personal risk of breast cancer

### 2. Get screened

- Ask your doctor** which screening tests are right for you if you are at a higher risk
- Have a mammogram** every year starting at age 40 if you are at average risk
- Have a clinical breast exam** at least every 3 years starting at age 20, and every year starting at age 40

### 3. Know what is normal for you

- See your health care provider if you notice any of these breast changes:
  - Lump, hard knot or thickening inside the breast or underarm area
  - Swelling, warmth, redness or darkening of the breast
  - Change in the size or shape of the breast
  - Dimpling or puckering of the skin
  - Itchy, scaly sore or rash on the nipple
  - Pulling in of your nipple or other parts of the breast
  - Nipple discharge that starts suddenly
  - New pain in one spot that does not go away

### 4. Make healthy lifestyle choices

- Maintain a healthy weight
- Add exercise into your routine
- Limit alcohol intake
- Limit postmenopausal hormone use
- Breastfeed, if you can

For more information visit our website or call our breast care helpline.

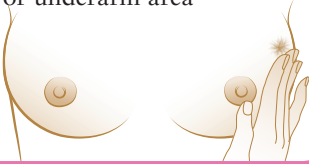
[www.komen.org](http://www.komen.org) 1-877 GO KOMEN (1-877-465-6636)

## Know What is Normal For You

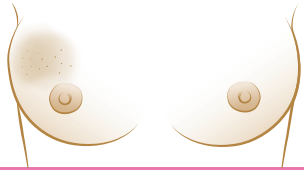
The signs of breast cancer are not the same for all women. It is important to know how your breasts normally look and feel. If you notice any change, see your health care provider.

### Changes that should be reported include:

- Lump, hard knot or thickening inside the breast or underarm area



- Swelling, warmth, redness or darkening of the breast



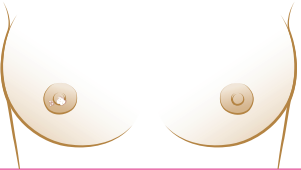
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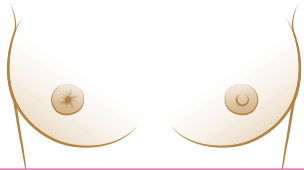
- Dimpling or puckering of the skin



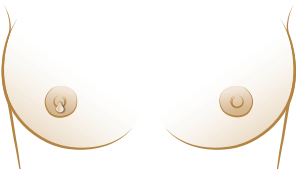
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- Pulling in of your nipple or other parts of the breast



- Nipple discharge that starts suddenly



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